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POLICY 500 OBJECTIVES FOR EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR STUDENTS

This series of the board policy manual is devoted to the board's goals and objectives for assisting the students of the school district in obtaining an education. Each student will have an opportunity to obtain an education in compliance with the policies in this series.

It is the goal of the board to develop a healthy social, intellectual, emotional, and physical self-concept in the students enrolled in the school district. Each student attending school will have the opportunity to use it and its education program and services as a means for self-improvement and individual growth. In so doing, the students are expected to conduct themselves in a manner that assures each student the same opportunity.

The board supports the delivery of the education program and services to students free of discrimination on the basis of race, color, sex, marital status, socioeconomic status, national origin, creed, religion, sexual orientation, gender identity or disability. This concept of equal educational opportunity serves as a guide for the board and employees in making decisions relating to school district facilities, employment, selection of educational materials, equipment, curriculum, and regulations affecting students.

In the delivery of the education program, students will treat the employees with respect and students will receive the same in return. Employees have the best interests of the students in mind and will assist them in schoolrelated or personal matters if they are able to do so. Students should feel free to discuss problems, whether school-related or personal, with the guidance counselor or other employees.

Board policies, rules and regulations affect students while they are on school district property or on property within the jurisdiction of the school district; while on school owned and/or operated school or chartered vehicles; while attending or engaged in school activities; and while away from school grounds if misconduct will directly affect the good order, efficient management and welfare of the school district.

Board policy refers to the term "parents" in many of the policies. The term parents for purposes of this policy manual means the legal parents, the legal guardian or custodian of a student, and students who have reached the age of majority or are otherwise considered an adult by law.

Inquiries by students regarding compliance with equal educational opportunity and affirmative action laws and policies, including but not limited to complaints of discrimination, are directed to the Affirmative Action Coordinator by writing to the Affirmative Action Coordinator, Central Lyon Community School District, Rock Rapids, Iowa; or by telephoning (712) 472-2664.

Inquiries by students regarding compliance with equal educational opportunity and affirmative action laws and policies, including but not limited to complaints of discrimination, may also be directed in writing to the Director of the Region VII office of Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Education Citigroup Center, 500 W. Madison St., Ste. 1475, Chicago, IL, (312) 730-1560, http://www.state.ia.us/government/crc/index.html or lowa Dept. of Education, Grimes State Office Bldg., Des Moines, IA. (515) 281-5294. This inquiry or complaint to the federal or state office may be done instead of, or in addition to, an inquiry or complaint at the local level.

Further information and copies of the procedures for filing a complaint are available in the school district's central administrative office and the administrative office in each attendance center.

Approved	7/17/95	Reviewed	11/18/19	Revised	11/18/19
Apploved	1/11/00	INCVICANCA	11/10/13	11011300	11/10/13

POLICY 501 STUDENT ATTENDANCE

501.1 RESIDENT STUDENTS

Children who are residents of the school district community will attend the school district without paying tuition.

The residence of a student means the place, abode, or dwelling of the student. Generally, the legal dwelling of minors is the same as their parents. A student may establish a dwelling with someone other than the parents and attend public school in the school district without paying tuition if the primary purpose for residing in the school district is not for the purpose of obtaining a free public education. Further, students who have reached the age of majority and who are still eligible to attend an lowa secondary school may declare their residence independent of the residence of the parents.

Each case involving the bona fide residence of a student will be decided upon its individual merits by the superintendent.

Legal Reference: <u>Lakota Cons. Ind. School v. Buffalo Center-Rake Comm. School</u>, 334 N.W.2d 704 (Iowa 1983).

Mt. Hope School Dist. v. Hendrickson, 197 N.W. 47 (Iowa 1924). Oshel v. Creston Comm. School Dist., DPI Admin. Doc. 570 (1981).

33 D.P.I. Dec. Rule 80 (1984).

lowa Code §§ 257.6; 282.2, .6, .7; 285.4 (2013).

1956 Op. Att'y Gen. 185. 1946 Op. Att'y Gen. 197. 1938 Op. Att'y Gen. 69. 1930 Op. Att'y Gen. 147.

Cross Reference: 100 Legal Status of the School District

501 Student Attendance

Approved <u>7/17/95</u> Reviewed <u>11/18/19</u> Revised <u>7/17/95</u>

501.2 NONRESIDENT STUDENTS

Students who are eligible to attend an lowa public school but who are not legal residents of the school district may be admitted into the school district at the discretion of the superintendent upon application and payment of tuition. The tuition rate is the current per-pupil cost of the school district as computed by the board secretary and as authorized by the lowa Department of Education.

Resident students whose families move from the school district after the start of a semester and who wish to complete the semester in the school district may be permitted to attend without the payment of tuition at the discretion of the superintendent and approval of the board. Students who have applied to open enroll to the nonresident district may complete the school year without approval of the superintendent or board. These students, other than students in grades eleven (11) and twelve (12), must have the recommendation of the principal.

Students in grades eleven (11) or twelve (12) who are no longer residents of the school district, but were residents in the preceding school year, may continue to attend school until they graduate without the payment of tuition. These students may be required to identify an adult, who resides in the school district, identified for purposes of administration.

Nonresident students who are eligible to attend an lowa public school and who have evidence they will become legal residents of the school district prior to October 1 may be allowed to attend without the payment of tuition.

Legal Reference: <u>Lakota Cons. Ind. School v. Buffalo Center-Rake Comm. School</u>, 334 N.W.2d 704 (Iowa 1983).

Mt. Hope School Dist. v. Hendrickson, 197 N.W. 47 (Iowa 1924). Oshel v. Creston Comm. School Dist., DPI Admin. Doc. 570 (1981).

lowa Code §§ 257.6; 282.1, .2, .6, .7, .24 (2013).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

501.3 COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE

Parents within the school district who have children over age six and under age sixteen by September 15, in proper physical and mental condition to attend school, will have the children attend the school district at the attendance center designated by the board. Students will attend school the number of days school is in session in accordance with the school calendar. Students of compulsory attendance age will attend school a minimum of 180 days or 1,080 hours. Students not attending the minimum days must be exempted by this policy as listed below or, referred to the county attorney. Exceptions to this policy include children who:

- have completed the requirements for graduation in an accredited school or have obtained a high school equivalency diploma;
- are attending religious services or receiving religious instruction;
- are attending an approved or probationally approved private college preparatory school;
- · are attending an accredited nonpublic school;
- are receiving independent private instruction; or,
- are receiving competent private instruction.

It is the responsibility of the parent of a child to provide evidence of the child's mental and physical inability to attend school or of the child's qualifications for one of the exceptions listed above.

The principal will investigate the cause for a student's truancy. If the principal is unable to secure the truant student's attendance, the principal should discuss the next step with the school board. If after school board action, the student is still truant, principal will refer the matter over to the county attorney.

The school will participate in mediation if requested by the county attorney. The superintendent will represent the school district in mediation. The school district will monitor the student's compliance with the mediation agreement and will report violations of the mediation agreement to the county attorney.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 259A; 279.10-.11; ch. 299; 299A (2013).

441 I.A.C. 41.25(8). 1978 Op. Att'y. Gen. 379.

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

601.1 School Calendar

604.1 Competent Private Instruction

501.4 ENTRANCE - ADMISSIONS

Children in the Central Lyon School District community will be allowed to enroll in the school district's regular education program beginning at age five (5). The child must be age five (5) on or prior to September 15 to participate in the school district's kindergarten program. The child must be age six (6) on or prior to September 15 to begin the first (1st) grade of the education program.

The board will require evidence of age and residency in the form of a birth certificate or other evidence before the student may enroll in the school district's education program. It is within the discretion of the superintendent to determine what is satisfactory evidence for proof of age.

Prior to enrollment, the child must provide the administration with their health and immunization certificate or an immunization waiver due to qualifying exemptions such as religious beliefs or documented health reasons. Failure to provide this information within the time period set by the superintendent is reason for suspension, expulsion or denying admission to the student.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 139A.8; 282.1, .3, .6 (2013).

1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 258.

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

507.1 Student Health and Immunization Certificates

501.5 ATTENDANCE CENTER ASSIGNMENT

The board will have complete discretion to determine the boundaries for each attendance center and to assign students to the attendance centers.

Parents or guardians of siblings in the same grade level academically in grades kindergarten through grade five may request the siblings be placed in the same or different classrooms. In order to be valid, the request must be made in writing and submitted to the school principal at the time of registration for classes, or within fourteen days after the children's first day of attendance during the school year. If a valid request is received by the school principal, the request must be honored. While a parent or guardian may make a placement request that siblings be placed together or apart, the district administration retains complete discretion to select the classroom teacher(s) to which siblings are assigned. If after the initial grading period following the placement of siblings in the same or different classrooms the school principal determines the placement is disruptive to the class; the principal may assign one or more of the siblings to different classrooms.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation to the board annually regarding the assigned attendance center for each student. In making the recommendation, the superintendent will consider the geographical layout of the school district, the condition and location of the school district facilities, the location of student population, possible transportation challenges, financial condition of the school district and other factors deemed relevant by the superintendent or the board.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 279.11; 282.7-.8.

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

501.6 STUDENT TRANSFERS IN

Students who transfer into the school district must meet the immunization and age requirements set out for students who initially enroll in the school district. The school district reserves the right to deny admission to any nonresident student unless the student is complying with open enrollment procedures.

The school district will request the student's cumulative records from the previous school district. If the student cannot offer proof of grade level, the superintendent will make the grade level determination. The superintendent may require testing or other information to determine the grade level. Students expelled or suspended from their previous school district will only be enrolled after approval of the board.

The superintendent will determine the amount of credits to be transferred after discussion with the appropriate building principal and guidance counselor. If the student has not previously attended an accredited school, it is within the superintendent's discretion to accept or reject credits or grades.

The board may deny admission if the student is not willing to provide the board with the necessary information.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2012).

Iowa Code §§ 139A.8; 282.1, .3, .4; 299A (2013).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

505.3 Student Honors and Awards507 Student Health and Well-Being604.1 Competent Private Instruction

501.6.1 TRANSFER STUDENT ELIGIBILITY - GOOD CONDUCT RULE

The Central Lyon Community Schools will accept a student who transfers into the district within the transfer policies of the district and in compliance with State Statutes. However, any student who has been declared ineligible under the Good Conduct Rule of the prior school district and who transfers to Central Lyon Community School District, and without having completed the full period of ineligibility at that school will not be eligible for interscholastic competition at Central Lyon High School until the full period of ineligibility from the prior school has been completed. Once the specified time period of ineligibility has been completed, the student will be immediately eligible for interscholastic competition at Central Lyon High School, subject to all other rules of eligibility.

The Board may deny admission to participation in interscholastic competition if the student is not willing to provide the Board or Administration with the necessary information.

Approved <u>5/13/96</u> Reviewed <u>11/18/19</u> Revised <u>11/18/19</u>

501.7 STUDENT TRANSFERS OUT OR WITHDRAWALS

If the student's parents wish to withdraw or transfer the student from school prior to completing and graduating from the education program, they should notify the building principal in writing as soon as possible of the decision to withdraw or transfer the student from the education program. The student or parent should present this written notice at the office and receive instructions regarding the return of textbooks, library books, locker equipment, hot lunch tickets, etc.

The notice should state the student's final day of attendance. If the student is not enrolling in another school district, the school district will maintain the student's records in the same manner as the records of students who have graduated from the school district.

If the parents wish to have the student's cumulative record sent to the new school district, the parents must notify the building principal in writing. This notice will include the name of the school district and the person at the new school district to whom the student's cumulative records should be sent. If the new school district requests the student's cumulative records, the school district will forward the cumulative records and notify the parents the records have been sent. The notice will inform the parents of their right to review the records sent.

If the student is of compulsory education age and not transferring to another public school district or an accredited nonpublic school, the parents will notify the building principal that the student is receiving competent private instruction and file the necessary competent private instruction reports.

The building principal will provide the superintendent with a written notice of all transfers and/or withdrawals on a monthly basis.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2012).

Iowa Code §§ 274.1; 299.1-.1A (2013).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

506 Student Records

604.1 Competent Private Instruction

Approved <u>7/17/95</u> Reviewed <u>11/18/19</u> Revised <u>11/18/19</u>

501.8 STUDENT ATTENDANCE RECORDS

As part of the school district's records, the da	ily attendance of each student is	recorded and maintained on file with
the permanent records of the board secretary	<i>1</i> .	

It is the responsibility of the principals to ensure that such reports are filed with the board secretary, the custodian of school records.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 294.4; 299 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(4).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

506 Student Records

501.9 STUDENT ABSENCES - EXCUSED

Regular attendance by students is essential for students to obtain the maximum opportunities from the education program. Parents and students alike are encouraged to ensure an absence from school is a necessary absence. Students will attend school unless excused by the principal of their attendance center.

Student absences approved by the principal are excused absences. Excused absences will count as days in attendance for purposes of the truancy law. These absences include, but are not limited to, illness, family emergencies, recognized religious observances, appointments that cannot be scheduled outside the school day and school-sponsored or approved activities.

Students whose absences are approved will make up the work missed and receive full credit for the missed school work. It is the responsibility of the student to initiate a procedure with the student's teacher to complete the work missed.

Students who wish to participate in school-sponsored activities must attend school at least one-half (1/2) of the day of the activity, unless permission has been given by the principal for the student to be absent.

It is the responsibility of the parent to notify the student's attendance center as soon as the parent knows the student will not be attending school on that day. The principal may request evidence or written verification of the student's reason for absence.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 294.4; 299 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(4).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

503 Student Discipline504 Student Activities506 Student Records

Approved <u>7/17/95</u> Reviewed <u>11/18/19</u> Revised <u>11/18/19</u>

501.10 TRUANCY - UNEXCUSED ABSENCES

Regular attendance by the students at school is essential for students to obtain the maximum opportunities from the education program. Parents and students alike are encouraged to ensure an absence from school is a necessary absence. Students will attend school unless excused by the principal of their attendance center.

Truancy is the failure to attend school for the minimum number of days established in the school calendar by the board. Truancy is the act of being absent without a reasonable excuse. These absences will include, but not be limited to, tardiness, shopping, hunting, concerts, preparation or participation in parties and other celebrations and employment. Truancy will not be tolerated by the board.

Students are subject to disciplinary action for truancy including suspension and expulsion. It is within the discretion of the principal to determine, in light of the circumstances, whether a student may make up work missed because of truancy. Students receiving special education services will not be assigned to supervised study hall or in-school suspension unless the goals and objectives of the student's Individualized Education Program are capable of being met.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy. The administrative regulations will indicate the disciplinary action to be taken for truancy.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 294.4; 299 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(4).

Cross Reference: 206.3 Board Secretary/Business Manager

410.3 Truancy Officer
501 Student Attendance
503 Student Discipline
504 Student Activities
506 Student Records

Approved <u>7/17/95</u> Reviewed <u>11/18/19</u> Revised <u>11/18/19</u>

501.10R1 TRUANCY - UNEXCUSED ABSENCES REGULATION

I. General Attendance Policy

A. Absences

1. Parents are expected to notify the school prior to 9:00 a.m. regarding a student's absence on the day of the absence. All absences must be reported within one day of the absence to be considered excused.

Students absent from school for any reason may be required by the school to submit a written explanation or specific reason for their absence, the specific days of times they were absent, verification by the doctor or dentist where appropriate, and a signature of the parent.

- 2. Acceptable reasons for a student's absence from school are limited to the following:
 - a. religious observances;
 - b. extended illness, hospitalization or doctor's care;
 - c. death in the family or family emergency; and
 - d. court appearance or other legal situation beyond the control of the family.
- 3. Classes missed because of attendance at a school-sponsored trip or activity will not be considered an absence. However, the student will be required to make up work missed.
- 4. Suspensions from class (either in-school suspensions or out-of-school suspension) will be treated as school-initiated student absences and will not count toward the days absent. However, the student will be required to make up work missed.
- 5. School work missed because of absences must be made up within two times the number of days absent, not to exceed 10 days. The time allowed for make-up work may be extended at the discretion of the principal.

B. Tardiness

- 1. A student is tardy when the student initially appears in the assigned area any time after the designated starting time.
- 2. All incidents of class tardiness will be the responsibility of the teacher. Teachers will emphasize the importance of being on time and explain the classroom rules and procedures for tardies. The tardy sanctions should be consistently applied and sequential. Sanctions may include, but are not limited to, warning, assigned detention, parent contact and referral to the principal.

C. Truancy

- 1. A student is truant when the student is absent from school or an assigned class or classes without school permission.
- 2. Work missed because of truancy must be made up the same as work for all other absences.
- 3. Incidents of truancy will be recorded as part of a student's attendance record and will count toward the absences per semester. The principal will also determine what, if any, disciplinary action is appropriate including, but not limited to, warning, detention, in-school suspension or administrative referral.

II. Excessive Absenteeism

Excessive absenteeism is any absence beyond nine (9) days or individual class meetings per semester.

- A. When a student has been absent from school or a class five (5) times during a given semester, the student's parent will be contacted via telephone or mail regarding the student's attendance. The classroom teacher or building administrator will initiate the five-day (5) notification process.
- B. When a student has been absent from school/class eight (8) or more times during a year, the teacher or the principal will inform the parent/guardian of the student's status. The principal will notify the student and parent of the excessive absences and initiate appropriate sanctions.

III. Application of Sanctions

Excessive absences will result in the following:

- A. If a student is absent 12 days from any given class, the student may be dropped from that class. The student will receive no credit for the class.
- B. If a student is absent 12 days in five (5) or more individual classes, the student may be dropped from the regular school program, referred to the principal pursuant to the district's plan for at-risk students, and the case may be referred to the county attorney.

IV. Appeals

A. First level of appeal

- 1. When notified that the student has missed eight (8 days or class periods), the parent should contact the teacher and principal to discuss the student's attendance and prevent any further absences.
- 2. When notified that the student has exceeded 12 absences and that the student will be dropped from a class or school, the student and parent may file a written appeal with the principal within two (2) school days of the notification. Sanctions imposed under this policy will be final unless a written appeal is submitted to the principal within two (2) school days.
- 3. The student will remain in the class or in school pending completion of the appeals process.
- 4. The informal appeals hearing will be scheduled within two (2) school days after the appeal is filed. The principal will consider the following in reaching a decision:
 - a. absences caused by religious holidays, documented chronic or extended illness, hospitalization, family death or emergency, emergency medical or dental care, court appearances or other legal situations beyond the control of the family, school-related class or program activities;
 - b. attendance history of the student;
 - c. extenuating circumstances particular to the student:
 - d. educational alternatives to removal from class or school; or
 - e. the total educational program for the individual student.
- 5. The decision of the principal will be reached within one (1) school day of the hearing. The parent will be notified of the decision in writing.

B. Second Level of Appeal

Students and parents seeking a review of the principal's decision regarding sanctions rendered under this attendance policy may do so by filing a written request for review with the superintendent within five (5) school days after the principal's decision. The superintendent will determine an agreeable time, place and date for the review and notify the student and parent. At the conclusion of the review, the superintendent will affirm, reverse or modify the principal's decision.

501.11 STUDENT RELEASE DURING SCHOOL HOURS

Students will be allowed to leave the school district facilities during school hours only with prior authorization from their parents, unless the parent appears personally at the student's attendance center to arrange for the release of the student during school hours, or with the permission of the principal.

Approved reasons for release of a student during the school day will include, but not be limited to, illness, family emergencies, medical appointments, religious instruction, classes outside the student's attendance center, employment for which the student has been issued a work permit, and other reasons determined appropriate by the principal.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: lowa Code § 294.4 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(4).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

503 Student Discipline 504 Student Activities 506 Student Records

501.12 PREGNANT STUDENTS

The board encourages pregnant students to continue to attend the education program as long as they are physically able to do so. The pregnant student should notify the principal or the guidance counselor as soon as she is aware of the pregnancy. The school may require that a pregnant student provide the principal with a written note from her doctor relative to special conditions that might exist and specific suggestions as to how long the student may continue to attend classes. If the student is unable to attend school because of her pregnancy, the student may be excused and arrangements made to continue her studies during her absence. The student will resume classes upon the recommendation of her physician.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 216; 279.8; 280.3 (2013).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

604.2 Individualized Instruction

501.13 STUDENTS OF LEGAL AGE

Students who have attained legal age may continue the education program without payment of tuition as long as they are eligible to attend an lowa public school and are residents of the school district.

Parents will be allowed to access and view the student's records without written permission from the student if the student is still a dependent for tax purposes. In most cases, with the discretion of the principal or the superintendent, the student will be able to make decisions and sign documents rather than requiring parental permission or signature.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2012).

lowa Code §§ 22; 282.2, .6, .7; 285.4; 599.1; 622.10 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(6).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

506 Student Records

501.14 OPEN ENROLLMENT TRANSFERS - PROCEDURES AS A SENDING DISTRICT

The school district will participate in open enrollment as a sending district. As a sending district, the board will allow resident students who meet the requirements to open enroll to another public school district.

Parents requesting open enrollment out of the school district for their student will notify the sending and receiving school district no later than March 1 in the school year preceding the first year desired for open enrollment. The notice is made on forms provided by the Department of Education. The forms are available at the central administration office.

Parents of children who will begin kindergarten in the school district are exempt from the open enrollment March 1 deadline. Parents of children who will begin kindergarten will file in the same manner set forth above by September 1. Parents who have good cause as defined by law for failing to meet the March 1 deadline may make an open enrollment request by September 1 unless another deadline applies.

The receiving district will approve open enrollment requests according to the timelines established by law. The parents may withdraw the open enrollment request prior to the start of the school year. The receiving district's superintendent will notify the parents and sending school district by mail within five days of the school district's action to approve or deny the open enrollment request.

The board will not approve a student's request to allow the receiving district to enter the school district for the purposes of transportation.

An open enrollment request out of the school district from parents of a special education student is reviewed on a case-by-case basis. The determining factor for approval of such an open enrollment request will be whether the special education program available in the receiving school district is appropriate for the student's needs. The area education agency director of special education serving the receiving district will determine whether the program is appropriate. The special education student will remain in the school district until the final determination is made.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to maintain open enrollment request applications and notice forms. It will also be the responsibility of the superintendent to develop appropriate office procedures and administrative regulations necessary for open enrollment requests.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 139A.8; 274.1; 279.11; 282.1, .3, .8, .18; 299.1 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 17.

1990 Op. Att'y Gen. 75.

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

506 Student Records

Approved <u>8/12/96</u> Reviewed <u>11/18/19</u> Revised <u>10/12/09</u>

501.15 OPEN ENROLLMENT TRANSFERS - PROCEDURES AS A RECEIVING DISTRICT

The school district will participate in open enrollment as a receiving district. As a receiving district, the board will allow nonresident students, who meet the legal requirements, to open enroll into the school district. The board will have complete discretion to determine the attendance center of the students attending the school district under open enrollment.

The superintendent will approve timely filed applications by June 1; incoming kindergarten applications; good cause application; or continuation of an educational program application filed by September 1.

The superintendent will notify the sending school district and parents within five days of the school district's action to approve or deny the open enrollment request.

Open enrollment requests into the school district will not be approved if insufficient classroom space exists. Open enrollment requests into the school district will also not be approved for students who have been suspended or expelled by the administration or the board of the school district the student is or was attending until the student has been reinstated into the school district from which the student was suspended or expelled. Once the student is reinstated, the student's open enrollment request will be considered in the same manner as other open enrollment requests provided the required timelines are met.

Open enrollment requests into the school district that, if denied, would result in students from the same nuclear family being enrolled in different school districts, will be given highest priority. The board, in its discretion, may waive the insufficient classroom space reason for denial for students of the same nuclear family to prevent the division of a nuclear family between two school districts. Other open enrollment requests into the school district are considered in the order received by the school district with the first open enrollment request given a higher priority than the second open enrollment request and so forth.

Generally, students in grades nine through twelve open enrolling into the school district will not be eligible for participation in interscholastic athletics, at the varsity level, during the first ninety days of open enrollment into the school district.

Parents of students whose open enrollment requests are approved by the superintendent are responsible for providing transportation to and from the receiving school district without reimbursement. The board will not approve transportation into the sending district.

An open enrollment request into the school district from parents of a special education student is reviewed on a case-by-case basis. The determining factors for approval of such an open enrollment request will be whether the special education program available in the school district is appropriate for the student's needs and whether the enrollment of the special education student will cause the class size to exceed the maximum allowed. The area education agency director of special education serving the school district will determine whether the program is appropriate. The special education student will remain in the sending district until the final determination is made.

The policies of the school district will apply to students attending the school district under open enrollment.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop appropriate office procedures and administrative regulations necessary for open enrollment requests.

Continued on next page

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 139A.8; 274.1; 279.11; 282.1, .3, .8, .18; 299.1 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 17.

1990 Op. Att'y Gen. 75.

Cross Reference: 501.6 Student Transfers In

501.7 Student Transfers Out or Withdrawals

501.14 Open Enrollment Transfers - Procedures as a Sending District

506 Student Records

507 Student Health and Well-Being606.6 Insufficient Classroom Space

501.16 HOMELESS CHILDREN AND YOUTH

The Central Lyon Community School District believes all students should have access to a free, appropriate public education. The district will ensure that homeless children and youth have equal access to the same free, appropriate public education as other children and youth.

The term "homeless children and youth" means individuals who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence. The term includes:

- Children and youth who are:
 - Sharing the housing of other persons due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar reason (sometimes referred to as "doubled up");
 - Living in motels, hotels, trailer parks, or camping grounds due to lack of alternative adequate accommodations;
 - Living in emergency or transitional shelters; or
 - Abandoned in hospitals.
- Children and youth who have a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings;
- Children and youth who are living in cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train stations, or similar settings; and
- Migratory children who qualify as homeless because they are living in circumstances described above.

To help ensure that homeless children and youth have a full opportunity to enroll, attend, and succeed at school, the board shall:

- Designate the guidance counselor for each building as the local homeless children and youth liaison;
- Provide training opportunities for staff so staff may help identify and meet the needs of homeless children and youth;
- Remove barriers, including those associated with fees, fines, and absences, to the identification, enrollment, retention, attendance and/or success in school for homeless children and youth;
- Ensure collaboration and coordination with other service providers;
- Ensure transportation is provided in accordance with legal requirements;
- Provide school stability in school assignment according to the child's best interests;
- Ensure the privacy of student records, as provided by applicable law, including information about a homeless child or youth's living situation;
- Engage in the dispute resolution process for decisions relating to the educational placement of homeless children and youth as provided by applicable law; and
- Prohibit the segregation of a homeless child or youth from other students enrolled in the district.

The superintendent may develop an administrative process or procedures to implement this policy.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 6301.

42 U.S.C. § 11302.

42 U.S.C. §§ 11431 et seq.

281 I.A.C. 33.

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

503.3 Fines - Fees - Charges

506 Student Records

507.1 Student Health and Immunization Certificates

603.3 Special Education

711.1 Student School Transportation Eligibility

502 STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPOSIBILITIES

502.1 STUDENT APPEARANCE

The board believes inappropriate student appearance causes material and substantial disruption to the school environment or presents a threat to the health and safety of students, employees and visitors.

Students are expected to adhere to standards of cleanliness and dress that are compatible with the requirements of a good learning environment. The standards will be those generally acceptable to the community as appropriate in a school setting.

The board expects students to be clean and well-groomed and wear clothes in good repair and appropriate for the time, place and occasion. Clothing or other apparel promoting products illegal for use by minors and clothing displaying obscene material, profanity, or reference to prohibited conduct are disallowed. While the primary responsibility for appearance lies with the students and their parents, appearance disruptive to the education program will not be tolerated. When, in the judgment of a principal, a student's appearance or mode of dress disrupts the educational process or constitutes a threat to health or safety, the student may be required to make modifications.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principals, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: <u>Hazelwood School District v. Kuhlmeier</u>, 484 U.S. 260 (1988).

Bethal School District v. Fraser, 478 U.S. 675 (1986).

<u>Tinker v. Des Moines Ind. Comm. Sch. Dist.</u>, 393 U.S. 503 (1969). <u>Bystrom v. Fridley High School</u>, 822 F.2d 747 (8th Cir. 1987). <u>Torvik v. Decorah Community School</u>, 453 F.2d 779 (8th Cir. 1972).

Turley v. Adel Community School District, 322 F.Supp. 402 (S.D. Iowa 1971).

Sims v. Colfax Comm. School Dist., 307 F.Supp. 485 (Iowa 1970).

Iowa Code § 279.8 (2013).

Cross Reference: 500 Objectives for Equal Educational Opportunities for Students

502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

502.2 CARE OF SCHOOL PROPERTY/VANDALISM

Students will treat school district property with the care and the respect they would treat their own property. Students found to have destroyed or otherwise harmed school district property may be required to reimburse the school district. They may be subject to discipline under board policy and the school district rules and regulations. They may also be referred to local law enforcement authorities.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative rules regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 279.8; 282.4, .5; 613.16 (2013).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

802.1 Maintenance Schedule

502.3 STUDENT EXPRESSION

It is the goal of the district to protect the educational environment for all students to help ensure it is free from substantial disruption or infringement upon their rights. Student expression should be appropriate to ensure that the students learn and meet the goals of the school activity and that the potential audience is not exposed to material that may be harmful or inappropriate for their level of maturity.

While students will generally be allowed to express their viewpoints and opinions, in certain qualifying circumstances, student speech may require administrative regulation to help ensure the safety and welfare of the school community. The district may regulate speech that: causes or is reasonably anticipated to cause a material and substantial disruption to the education environment; infringes upon the rights of others; is obscene or lewd; is school sponsored; and/or promotes illegal activity. The administration, when making this judgment, will consider whether the activity in which the expression was made is school-sponsored and whether review or prohibition of the students' speech furthers an educational purpose. The expression must be done in a reasonable time, place, and manner that is not disruptive to the orderly and efficient operation of the school district.

The superintendent may develop procedures for safely addressing qualifying types of mass protests by students, including walk-ins and walk-outs. Walk-ins occur when students leave their learning environments during school hours and gather in a group or groups with the purpose of promoting a belief or beliefs. Walk-outs occur when students leave their learning environments during school hours and gather in a group or groups off district property with the purpose of promoting a belief or beliefs.

The superintendent is encouraged to obtain feedback from community stakeholders in the development of these procedures. The goal of the procedures shall be to address student safety, maintain the education environment and promote communication during demonstrations while remaining viewpoint neutral.

Students who violate this policy may be subject to disciplinary measures. Employees are responsible for insuring students' expression is in keeping with this policy. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: U.S. Const. amend. I.

Iowa Const. art. I (sec. 7)

Morse v. Frederick, 551 U.S. 393 (2007)

Hazelwood School District v. Kuhlmeier, 484 U.S. 260 (1988).

Bethel School District v. Fraser, 478 U.S. 675 (1986).

New Jersey v. T.L.O., 469 U.S. 325 (1985).

Tinker v. Des Moines Ind. Comm. Sch. Dist., 393 U.S. 503 (1969). Bystrom v. Fridley High School, 822 F.2d 747 (8th Cir. 1987).

lowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.22; 282.3 (1995).

Cross Reference: 102 Equal Educational Opportunity

502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

504 Student Activities 603.9 Academic Freedom 903.5 Distribution of Materials

502.4 STUDENT COMPLAINTS AND GRIEVANCES

Student complaints and grievances regarding board policy or administrative regulations and other matters should be addressed to the student's teacher or another licensed employee, other than the administration, for resolution of the complaint. It is the goal of the board to resolve student complaints at the lowest organizational level.

If the complaint cannot be resolved by a licensed employee, the student may discuss the matter with the principal within five (5) days of the employee's decision. If the matter cannot be resolved by the principal, the student may discuss it with the superintendent within five (5) days after speaking with the principal.

If the matter is not satisfactorily resolved by the superintendent, the student may ask to have the matter placed on the board agenda of a regularly scheduled board meeting in compliance with board policy.

Legal Reference: lowa Code § 279.8 (2013).

Cross Reference: 210.8 Board Meeting Agenda

213 Public Participation in Board Meetings

307 Communication Channels

502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

504.3 Student Publications

502.5 STUDENT LOCKERS

Student lockers are the property of the school district. Students will use the lockers assigned to them by the school district for storing their school materials and personal belongings necessary for attendance at school. It is the responsibility of students to keep their assigned lockers clean and undamaged.

To ensure students are properly maintaining their assigned lockers, the principal of the building may periodically inspect all lockers or a random selection of lockers. Either students or another individual will be present during the inspection of lockers. Student lockers may also be searched, at any time and without advance notice, in compliance with board policy regulating search and seizure.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.14; 808A (2013).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

502.6 WEAPONS

The board believes weapons, other dangerous objects and look-a-likes in school district facilities cause material and substantial disruption to the school environment or present a threat to the health and safety of students, employees and visitors on the school district premises or property within the jurisdiction of the school district.

School district facilities are not an appropriate place for weapons, dangerous objects and look-a-likes. Weapons and other dangerous objects and look-a-likes will be taken from students and others who bring them onto the school district property or onto property within the jurisdiction of the school district or from students who are within the control of the school district.

Parents of students found to possess weapons, dangerous objects or look-a-likes on school property are notified of the incident. Possession or confiscation of weapons, dangerous objects or look-a-likes will be reported to law enforcement officials, and students will be subject to disciplinary action including suspension or expulsion.

Students bringing firearms to school or knowingly possessing firearms at school will be expelled for not less than one year. The superintendent has the authority to recommend this expulsion requirement be modified for students on a case-by-case basis. For purposes of this portion of this policy, the term "firearm" includes, but is not limited to, any weapon which is designed to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive, the frame or receiver of any such weapon, a muffler or silencer for such a weapon, any explosive, incendiary or poison gas, or otherwise defined by applicable law.

Weapons under the control of law enforcement officials or other individuals specifically authorized by the board are exempt from this policy. The superintendent may develop an administrative process or procedures to implement the policy.

Legal Reference: 18 U.S.C. § 921

lowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.21B; 483A.27(11), 724

281 I.A.C. 12.3(6)

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

503 Student Discipline

507 Student Health and Well-Being

502.7 SMOKING - DRINKING - DRUGS

The Central Lyon board prohibits the distribution, dispensing, manufacture, possession, use, or being under the influence of beer, wine, alcohol, tobacco, e-cigarettes, vaporizers, Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems, or other controlled substances, or "look alike" substances that appear to be beer, wine, alcohol, tobacco, e-cigarettes, vaporizers, Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems, or other controlled substances by students while on school district property or on property within the jurisdiction of the school district; while on school owned and/or operated school or chartered vehicles; while attending or engaged in school activities; and while away from school grounds if misconduct will directly affect the good order, efficient management and welfare of the school district.

The board believes such illegal, unauthorized or contraband materials generally cause material and substantial disruption to the school environment or present a threat to the health and safety of students, employees, or visitors.

Violation of this policy by students will result in disciplinary action including suspension or expulsion, and may be reported to local law enforcement authorities.

Students who violate the terms of this policy may be required to satisfactorily complete a substance abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved by the school board. If such student fails to satisfactorily complete such a program, the student may be subject to discipline including suspension or expulsion.

The board believes the substance abuse prevention program shall include:

- Age-appropriate, developmentally-based drug and alcohol curriculum for students in grades kindergarten (K) through twelve (12), which address the legal, social, and health consequences of tobacco, drug and alcohol use and which provide information about effective techniques for resisting peer pressure to use tobacco, drugs or alcohol;
- A statement to students that the use of illicit drugs and the unlawful possession and use of alcohol is wrong and harmful;
- Standards of conduct for students that clearly prohibit, at a minimum, the unlawful possession, use, being
 under the influence of or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students on school premises or as part
 of any of its activities;
- A clear statement that disciplinary sanctions, up to and including suspension or expulsion and referral for prosecution, will be imposed on students who violate the policy and a description of those sanctions;
- A statement that students may be required to successfully complete an appropriate rehabilitation program;
- Information about drug and alcohol counseling and rehabilitation and re-entry programs available to students;
- A requirement that parents and students be given a copy of the standards of conduct and the statement of disciplinary sanctions required; and
- Notification to parents and students that compliance with the standards of conduct is mandatory.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the building principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: 34 C.F.R. Pt. 86 (2012).

lowa Code §§ 123.46; 124; 279.8, .9; 453A (2013). 281 I.A.C. 12.3(6); .5(3)(e), .5(4)(e), .5(5)(e).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

503 Student Discipline

507 Student Health and Well-Being

502.8 SEARCH AND SEIZURE

School district property is held in public trust by the board. School district authorities may, without a search warrant, search students or protected student areas based on a reasonable and articulable suspicion that a school district policy, rule, regulation or law has been violated. The search is in a manner reasonable in scope to maintain order and discipline in the schools, promote the educational environment, and protect the safety and welfare of students, employees and visitors to the school district facilities. The furnishing of a locker, desk or other facility or space owned by the school and provided as a courtesy to a student, even if the student provides the lock for it, will not create a protected student area and will not give rise to an expectation of privacy with respect to the locker, desk, or other facility.

School authorities may seize any illegal, unauthorized or contraband materials discovered in the search. Items of contraband may include, but are not limited to, nonprescription controlled substances, marijuana, cocaine, amphetamines, barbiturates, apparatus used for controlled substances, alcoholic beverages, tobacco, weapons, explosives, poisons and stolen property. Such items are not to be possessed by a student while they are on school district property or on property within the jurisdiction of the school district; while on school owned and/or operated school or chartered vehicles; while attending or engaged in school activities; and while away from school grounds if misconduct will directly affect the good order, efficient management and welfare of the school district. Possession of such items will be grounds for disciplinary action including suspension or expulsion and may be reported to local law enforcement officials. The board believes that illegal, unauthorized or contraband materials may cause material and substantial disruption to the school environment or presents a threat to the health and safety of students, employees, or visitors on the school district premises or property within the jurisdiction of the school district.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principals, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: U.S. Const. amend. IV.

New Jersey v. T.L.O., 469 U.S. 325 (1985).

Cason v. Cook, 810 F.2d 188 (8th Cir. 1987), cert. den., 482 U.S. 930 (1987).

Iowa Code ch. 808A (2013).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(6).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

503 Student Discipline

502.8E1 SEARCH AND SEIZURE CHECKLIST

I. What factors caused you to have a reasonable and articulable suspicion that the search of this student or the student's effects or automobile would turn up evidence that the student has violated or is violating the

law, school policy, rules or regulations affecting school order? A. Eyewitness account. 1. By whom: 2. Date/Time: 3. Place: What was seen: B. Information from a reliable source. 1. From whom: 2. Time received: 3. How information was received: 4. Who received the information: Describe information: 5. C. Suspicious behavior? Explain. D. Student's past history? Explain. E. Time of search: F. Location of search: G. Student told purpose of search: Н. Consent of student requested:

502.8R1 SEARCH AND SEIZURE REGULATION

I. Searches, in general.

A. <u>Reasonable and Articulable Suspicion</u>: A search of a student will be justified when there are reasonable grounds for the suspicion that the search will turn up evidence that the student has violated or is violating the law or school district policy, rules, or regulations affecting school order.

Reasonable suspicion may be formed by considering factors such as the following:

- (1) eyewitness observations by employees;
- (2) information received from reliable sources;
- (3) suspicious behavior by the student; or,
- (4) the student's past history and school record although this factor alone is not sufficient to provide the basis for reasonable suspicion.
- B. <u>Reasonable Scope</u>: A search will be permissible in its scope or intrusiveness when the measures adopted are reasonably related to the objectives of the search. Reasonableness of scope or intrusiveness may be determined based on factors such as the following:
 - (1) the age of the student;
 - (2) the sex of the student;
 - (3) the nature of the infraction; and
 - (4) the emergency requiring the search without delay.

II. Types of Searches

A. Personal Searches

- 1. A student's person and/or personal effects (e.g., purse, backpack, etc.) may be searched when a school official has reasonable suspicion to believe the student is in possession of illegal or contraband items or has violated school district policies, rules, regulations or the law affecting school order.
- 2. Personally intrusive searches will require more compelling circumstances to be considered reasonable.
 - (a) Pat-Down Search: If a pat-down search or a search of a student's garments (such as jackets, socks, pockets, etc.) is conducted, it will be conducted in private by a school official of the same sex as the student and with another adult witness of the same sex present, when feasible.
 - (b) A more intrusive search, short of a strip search, of the student's person, handbags, book bags, etc., is permissible in emergency situations when the health and safety of students, employees, or visitors are threatened. Such a search may only be conducted in private by a school official of the same sex as the student, with an adult of the same sex present unless the health or safety of students will be endangered by the delay which may be caused by following these procedures. Strip searches are prohibited.

B. Locker and Desk Inspections

Although school lockers and desks are temporarily assigned to individual students, they remain the property of the school district at all times. The school district has a reasonable and valid interest in insuring the lockers and desks are properly maintained. For this reason, lockers and desks are subject to unannounced inspections and students have no legitimate expectations of privacy in the locker or desk.

Periodic inspections of all or a random selection of lockers or desks may be conducted by school officials in the presence of the student or another individual. Any contraband discovered during such searches will be confiscated by school officials and may be turned over to law enforcement officials.

The contents of a student's locker or desk (coat, backpack, purse, etc.) may be searched when a school official has reasonable and articulable suspicion that the contents contains illegal or contraband items or evidence of a violation of law or school policy or rule. Such searches should be conducted in the presence of another adult witness when feasible.

C. Automobile Searches

Students are permitted to park on school premises as a matter of privilege, not of right. The school retains authority to conduct routine patrols of the student parking lots. The interior of a student's automobile on the school premises may be searched if the school official has reasonable and articulable suspicion to believe that illegal, unauthorized or contraband items are contained inside.

502.9 INTERVIEWS OF STUDENTS BY OUTSIDE AGENCIES

Generally, Central Lyon students may not be interviewed during the school day by persons other than parents, and school district officials and employees.

Requests from law enforcement officers and from persons other than parents, school district officials, and employees to interview students are made through the principal's office. Upon receiving a request, it is the responsibility of the principal to determine whether the request will be granted. Generally, prior to granting a request, the principal will attempt to contact the parents to inform them of the request and to ask them to be present.

If a child abuse investigator wishes to interview a student, the principal will defer to the investigator's judgment as to whether the student should be interviewed independently from the student's parents, whether the school is the most appropriate setting for the interview, and who will be present during the interview.

Students will not be taken from school without the consent of the principal and without proper warrant.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 232; 280.17 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 102.

441 I.A.C. 9.2; 155; 175. 1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 275.

Cross Reference: 402.2 Child Abuse Reporting

502.8 Search and Seizure 503 Student Discipline

902.2 News Conferences and Interviews

502.10 USE OF MOTOR VEHICLES

The board recognizes the convenience to families and students of having students drive to and park at their school attendance center. Driving a motor vehicle to and parking it at the student's attendance center is a privilege.

Students who drive to and park at their school attendance center shall only drive to and park at their designated attendance center or at either their attendance center or a shared district's attendance center for the purpose of attending extracurricular activities. Students may not loiter around or be in their vehicle during the school day without permission from the principal. Students shall leave their attendance center when there is no longer a legitimate reason for them to be at their attendance center. Students who drive shall enter and leave the parking lot by the routes designated by the principal.

Students who live within one mile of school, and would not otherwise be eligible for a student driving permit, may be eligible for a student driving permit, for driving to and from school and school activities and practices, if the student demonstrates an acceptable need to be determined at the discretion of the School Administration. The School Administration reserves the right to make the final decision.

Students who wish to drive to and park at their school attendance center shall comply with the rules and regulations established by the building principal. Failure to comply with this policy or the school district rules shall be reason for revocation of school driving and parking privileges as well as other disciplinary action including suspension and expulsion.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 279.8; 321 (2013).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

Approved <u>6/14/04</u> Reviewed <u>12/9/19</u> Revised <u>12/9/19</u>

503 STUDENT DISCIPLINE

503.1 STUDENT CONDUCT

The board believes inappropriate student conduct causes material and substantial disruption to the school environment, interferes with the rights of others, or presents a threat to the health and safety of students, employees, and visitors on school premises. Appropriate classroom behavior allows teachers to communicate more effectively with students.

Students will conduct themselves in a manner fitting to their age level and maturity and with respect and consideration for the rights of others while on school district property or on property within the jurisdiction of the school district; while on school owned and/or operated school or chartered vehicles; while attending or engaged in school activities; and while away from school grounds if misconduct will directly affect the good order, efficient management and welfare of the school district. Consequences for the misconduct will be fair and developmentally appropriate in light of the circumstances.

Students who fail to abide by this policy, and the administrative regulations supporting it, may be disciplined for conduct which disrupts or interferes with the education program; conduct which disrupts the orderly and efficient operation of the school district or school activity; conduct which disrupts the rights of other students to participate in or obtain their education; conduct that is violent or destructive; or conduct which interrupts the maintenance of a disciplined atmosphere. Disciplinary measures include, but are not limited to, removal from the classroom, detention, suspension, probation, and expulsion.

A student who commits an assault against an employee on school district property or on property within the jurisdiction of the school district; while on school-owned or school-operated chartered vehicles; or while attending or engaged in school district activities will be suspended by the principal. Notice of the suspension is sent to the board president. The board will review the suspension and decide whether to hold a disciplinary hearing to determine whether to impose further sanctions against the student which may include expulsion. In making its decision, the board shall consider the best interests of the school district, which shall include what is best to protect and ensure the safety of the school employees and students from the student committing the assault. Assault for purposes of this section of this policy is defined as, when, without justification, a student does any of the following:

- an act which is intended to cause pain or injury to, or which is intended to result in physical contact which will be insulting or offensive to another, coupled with the apparent ability to execute the act; or
- any act which is intended to place another in fear of immediate physical contact which will be painful, injurious, insulting or offensive, coupled with the apparent ability to execute the act; or
- intentionally points any firearm toward another or displays in a threatening manner any dangerous weapon toward another.

The act is not an assault when the person doing any of the above and the other person are voluntary participants in a sport, social or other activity, not in itself criminal, when the act is a reasonably foreseeable incident of such sport or activity, and does not create an unreasonable risk of serious injury or breach of the peace.

Removal from the classroom means a student is sent to the building principal's office. It is within the discretion of the person in charge of the classroom to remove the student.

Detention means the student's presence is required during non-school hours for disciplinary purposes. The student can be required to appear prior to the beginning of the school day, after school has been dismissed for the day, or on a non-school day. Whether a student will serve detention, and the length of the detention, is within the discretion of the licensed employee or the building principal, disciplining the student.

Continued on next page

Suspension means; either an in-school suspension, an out-of-school suspension, a restriction from activities or loss of eligibility. An in-school suspension means the student will attend school but will be temporarily isolated from one or more classes while under supervision. An in-school suspension will not exceed ten consecutive school days. An out-of-school suspension means the student is removed from the school environment, which includes school classes and activities. An out-of-school suspension will not exceed ten consecutive school days. A restriction from school activities means a student will attend school and classes and practice but will not participate in school activities.

Probation means a student is given a conditional suspension of a penalty for a definite period of time in addition to being reprimanded. The conditional suspension will mean the student must meet the conditions and terms for the suspension of the penalty. Failure of the student to meet these conditions and terms will result in immediate reinstatement of the penalty.

Expulsion means an action by the board to remove a student from the school environment, which includes, but is not limited to, classes and activities, for a period of time set by the board.

Discipline of special education students, including suspensions and expulsions, will comply with the provisions of applicable federal and state laws.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: Goss v. Lopez, 419 U.S. 565 (1975).

Brands v. Sheldon Community School District, 671 F. Supp. 627 (N.D. Iowa 1987).

Sims v. Colfax Comm. School Dist., 307 F. Supp. 485 (Iowa 1970). Bunger v. Iowa High School Athletic Assn., 197 N.W.2d 555 (Iowa 1972).

Board of Directors of Ind. School Dist. of Waterloo v. Green, 259 Iowa 1260, 147 N.W.2d 854 (1967).

lowa Code §§ 279.8;282.3, 282.4, 282.5; 708.1.

281 I.A.C. 12.3(6)

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

504 Student Activities603.3 Special Education903.5 Distribution of Materials

Approved 7/17/95 Reviewed 1/13/19 Revised 1/9/17

503.1R1 STUDENT SUSPENSION

Administrative Action

A. Probation

- 1. Probation is conditional suspension of a penalty for a set period of time. Probation may be imposed by the principal for infractions of school rules which do not warrant the necessity of removal from school.
- 2. The principal will conduct an investigation of the allegations against the student prior to imposition of probation. The investigation will include, but not be limited to, written or oral notice to the student of the allegations against the student and an opportunity to respond. Written notice and reasons for the probation will be sent to the parents.

B. In-School Suspension

- 1. In-school suspension is the temporary isolation of a student from one (1) or more classes while under administrative supervision. In-school suspensions may be imposed by the principal for infractions of school rules which are serious but which do not warrant the necessity of removal from school.
- 2. The principal will conduct an investigation of the allegations against the student prior to imposition of an in-school suspension. The investigation will include, but not be limited to, written or oral notice to the student of the allegations against the student and an opportunity to respond. In-school suspension will not be imposed for more than ten (10) school days. Written notice and reasons for the in-school suspension will be sent to the student's parents.

C. Out-of-School Suspension

- 1. Out-of-school suspension is the removal of a student from the school environment for periods of short duration. Out-of-school suspension is to be used when other available school resources are unable to constructively remedy student misconduct.
- 2. A student may be suspended out of school for up to ten (10) school days by a principal for a commission of gross or repeated infractions of school rules, regulations, policy or the law, or when the presence of the student will cause interference with the maintenance of the educational environment or the operation of the school. The principal may suspend students after conducting an investigation of the charges against the student, giving the student:
 - a. Oral or written notice of the allegations against the student and
 - b. The opportunity to respond to those charges.

At the principal's discretion, the student may be allowed to confront witnesses against the student or present witnesses on behalf of the student.

3. Notice of the out-of-school suspension will be mailed no later than the end of the school day following the suspension to the student's parents and the superintendent. A reasonable effort is made to personally notify the student's parents and such effort shall be is documented by the person making or attempting to make the contact. Written notice to the parents will include the circumstances which led to the suspension and a copy of the board policy and rules pertaining to the suspension.

D. Suspensions and Special Education Students

- Students who have been identified as special education students may be referred for a review of the student's Individual Education Program (IEP). The IEP may be revised to include a continuum of intervention strategies and programming to change the behavior.
- 2. Students who have not been identified as special education students may be referred for evaluation after the student's suspension to determine whether the student has a disability and is in need of special education.

503.2 EXPULSION

Only the board may remove a student from the school environment. The removal of a student from the school environment, which includes, but is not limited to, classes and activities, is an expulsion from school.

Students may be expelled for violations of board policy, school rules or the law. It is within the discretion of the board to discipline a student by using an expulsion for a single offense or for a series of offenses depending on the nature of the offense and the circumstances surrounding the offense.

It is within the discretion of the superintendent to recommend to the board the expulsion of a student for disciplinary purposes. Only the board may take action to expel a student and to readmit the student. The principal will keep records of expulsions in addition to the board's records.

When a student is recommended for expulsion by the board, the student is provided with:

- 1. Notice of the reasons for the proposed expulsion;
- 2. The names of the witnesses and an oral or written report on the facts to which each witness testifies unless the witnesses are students whose names may be released at the discretion of the superintendent;
- 3. An opportunity to present a defense against the charges and provide either oral testimony or written affidavits of witnesses on the student's behalf;
- 4. The right to be represented by counsel; and
- 5. The results and finding of the board in writing open to the student's inspection.

In addition to these procedures, a special education student must be provided with additional procedures. A determination should be made of whether the student is actually guilty of the misconduct. A staffing team should determine whether the student's behavior is caused by the student's disability and whether the conduct is the result of inappropriate placement. Discussions and conclusions of this meeting should be recorded.

If the special education student's conduct is not caused by the disability, the student may be expelled or suspended for a long-term period following written notice to the parent and pursuant to the school district's expulsion hearing procedures. If the misconduct is caused by the disability and a change in placement is recommended, the change must be made pursuant to the placement procedures used by the school district.

Legal Reference: <u>Goss v. Lopez</u>, 419 U.S. 565 (1975).

Wood v. Strickland, 420 U.S. 308 (1975).

Southeast Warren Comm. School District v. Dept. of Public Instruction, 285 N.W.2d 173 (lowa 1979).

lowa Code §§ 21.5; 282.3, .4, .5 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(6).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

503 Student Discipline

Approved <u>7/17/95</u> Reviewed <u>1/13/20</u> Revised <u>1/13/20</u>

503.3 FINES - FEES - CHARGES

The board believes students should respect school district property and assist in its preservation for future use by others. Students may be assessed fines, charges, or fees for the materials needed in a course, for overdue school materials, for participating in activities, or for misuse of school property.

The superintendent will inform the board of the dollar amount to be charged to students or others for fines, charges, or fees annually. Parents of students meeting specific financial eligibility standards will be eligible for a waiver of student fees or a reduction of student fees based upon the request of the parent. It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 256.7(20); 279.8; 280.10, .11; 282.6; 285.1; 301.1 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 18.2.

1994 Op. Att'y Gen. 23. 1990 Op. Att'y Gen. 79. 1982 Op. Att'y Gen. 227. 1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 532.

Cross Reference: 501.16 Homeless Children & Youth

502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

503 Student Discipline

Approved <u>7/17/95</u> Reviewed <u>1/13/20</u> Revised <u>1/13/20</u>

503.3E1 STANDARD FEE WAIVER APPLICATION

Date		School year						
All information provide	ed in connection with this application v	vill be kept confidential.						
Name of student:		Grade in school						
Name of student:		Grade in school						
Name of student:		Grade in school						
Attendance Center/So	chool:							
Name of parent, guar- or legal or actual cus								
Please check type of	waiver desired:							
Full waiver	Partial waiver	Temporary waiver						
Please check if the st of the following progra	-	e financial eligibility criteria or is involved in one						
Full waiver								
Free meals offered under the Children Nutrition Program (CNP) The Family Investment Program (FIP) Transportation assistance under open enrollment Foster care								
Partial waiver Reduced priced meals offered under the Children Nutrition Program								
Temporary waiver								
If none of the above apply, but you wish to apply for a temporary waiver of school fees because of serious financial problems, please state the reason for the request:								
Signature of parent, g								

503.3R1 STUDENT FEE WAIVER AND REDUCTION PROCEDURES

The board recognizes that while certain fees charged students are appropriate and authorized, certain students and their families are not financially able to pay the fees. The school district will grant either full waivers, partial waivers or temporary waivers depending upon the circumstances and the student or student's parents' ability to meet the financial criteria.

A. Waivers

- Full Waivers a student will be granted a full waiver of fees charged by the school district if the student or student's parents meet the financial eligibility criteria for free meals under the Child Nutrition program, Family Investment Program, or transportation assistance under open enrollment. Students in foster care are also eligible for full waivers.
- 2. Partial Waivers a student will be granted a partial waiver of fees charged by the school district if the student or the student's parents meet the financial eligibility criteria for reduced price meals offered under the Child Nutrition program. The reduction percentage will be 40 percent.
- 3. Temporary Waivers a student may be eligible for a temporary waiver of fees charged by the district in the event the student's parents are facing financial difficulty. Temporary waivers may be applied for at any time throughout the school year and will not extend beyond the end of the school year.
- B. Application Parents or students eligible for a fee waiver will make an application on the form provided by the school district. Applications may be made at any time but must be renewed annually.
- C. Confidentiality The school district will treat the application and application process as any other student record and student confidentiality and access provisions will be followed.
- D. Appeals Denials of a waiver may be appealed to the Superintendent of Schools and he/she must provide a written response within five (5) days. If the parent/student is not satisfied with the actions of the Superintendent, they may appeal to the Board for redress at the next regular Board meeting. The Board shall reply in writing within five (5) days. If the parent/guardian or student is not satisfied with the School Board's decision, he/she may appeal to the Iowa Department of Education, Grimes State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa, 50319.
- E. Fines or charges assessed for damage or loss to school property are not fees and will not be waived.
- F. Notice the school district will annually notify parents and students of the waiver. The following information will be included in registration materials.

Students whose families meet the income guidelines for free and reduced price lunch, the Family Investment Program (FIP), or transportation assistance under open enrollment, or who are in foster care are eligible to have their student fees waived or partially waived. Students whose families are experiencing a temporary financial difficulty may be eligible for a temporary waiver of student fees. Parents or students who believe they may qualify for temporary financial hardship should contact the principal or building secretary at the time of school registration for a waiver form. This waiver does not carry over from year to year and must be completed annually.

503.4 GOOD CONDUCT RULE

Participation in school activities is a privilege. School activities provide the benefits of promoting additional interests and abilities in the students during their school years and for their lifetimes.

Students who participate in extracurricular activities serve as ambassadors of the school district throughout the calendar year, whether away from school or at school. Students who wish to have the privilege of participating in extracurricular activities must conduct themselves in accordance with board policy and must refrain from activities which are illegal, immoral or unhealthy.

Students who fail to abide by this policy and the administrative regulations supporting it may be subject to disciplinary measures. The principal will keep records of violations of the good conduct rule.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop rules and regulations for school activities. Students wanting to participate in school activities must meet the requirements set out by the school district for participation in the activity.

The following standards of eligibility pertain to any Central Lyon student who is participating in co-curricular activities which include all athletics, vocal and instrumental music, cheerleading, drama, speech, yearbook staff, FFA, FHA and any other activity co-curricular offered at Central Lyon.

In order to participate in co-curricular activities, students must meet the District's and the Iowa Athletic Union's requirements. Participation will be determined on the predetermined criteria below. During any period of ineligibility, the student may practice but cannot take part in a performance, contests or activity.

The following code of conduct pertains to any Central Lyon Community School student who is participating in cocurricular activities.

Any student involved in co-curricular activities whose conduct would make him or her unworthy to represent the ideals, principles, and standards of his or her school may be ruled ineligible by the building principal and will remain ineligible until the building principal reinstates that student's eligibility. The determination and period of ineligibility are the responsibility of the principal and athletic director. Due process, as outlined in Board Policy, will be afforded all students.

Training rules are a matter of self-discipline. The best performance the individual is capable of producing comes only after the body and mind have been conditioned through a regular training routine.

This code is to be followed by all student activity participants. The activity code is to be signed by the participants and their parent/guardian at the beginning of each school year or before each activity season.

Use of tobacco, alcohol and controlled substances regarded as undesirable habits for middle school/senior high school students (grades 6-12) and includes possession, distribution, purchasing, selling, use or being under the influence of any of the above. Abstinence at all times is required for activity participants, which means twelve (12) months a year. A violation during summer vacation/non-scheduled school time will be on a referral basis to the athletic director.

The rules are listed below:

- In the event that a student comes under the jurisdiction of any court for juvenile delinquency or is charged with a crime, except minor traffic violations, he/she may be declared ineligible to participate in co-curricular activities.
- 2. In the event that a student admits to, or is found guilty of, illegal use and/or purchase, distribution, sale, possession of or use of tobacco or drugs, and/or alcoholic beverages, he/she shall be declared ineligible for participation in co-curricular activities. It is understood that the student will be given due process rights in all instances.

Continued on next page

If a student involved in co-curricular activities violates any of the above rules, he/she shall be subject to the following:

FIRST OFFENSE

Option A-The student will not be permitted to participate in twenty-five percent of the scheduled contests or performances during the season of the violation or if the violation occurs out of season the penalty will be imposed during the next co-curricular activity in which the student elects to participate.

Option B-The student can elect to participate in eight (8) hours of counseling with approval and a referral from a school official. Court assigned JADE will provide the counseling services that will deal directly with the substance abuse. Costs for counseling will be the responsibility of the student and/or parents or guardian. In addition, the student will also not be permitted to participate in one scheduled contest or performance during the season of the violation or if the violation occurs out of season the penalty will be imposed during the next co-curricular activity in which the student elects to participate.

If Option B is chosen and JADE is not court assigned – the student will perform 10 hours of community service in addition to the missed event.

If rule one (1) is violated, the student will miss the next scheduled event and perform (10) hours of community service through the school. The student must complete the community service in thirty (30) calendar days from the date of suspension.

The student will be placed on twelve (12) months' probation following the first offense. If no other violations occur during the probationary period, the violator's status will return to a full student condition.

SECOND OFFENSE

If this offense occurs during a student's probationary period, the student will not be permitted to participate in fifty (50) percent of the total scheduled contests or performances during the season of the violation starting with the next contest or performance. If the violation occurs out of season, the penalty will be imposed during the next co-curricular activity in which the student elects to participate. The student will be referred and required to participate in and complete a substance abuse program, at his/her own or parent's expense.

The time remaining on probation will be extended to twelve (12) months.

THIRD OFFENSE

A. A third (3rd) offense within any probationary period will result in a one (1)-year suspension from all co-curricular activities. The student will also be required to complete a substance abuse program, at their own or parent's expense, to regain eligibility.

B. In the event of a violation of the good conduct rules, the student and his/her parents/ guardian will meet with a committee composed of the following school personnel: principal, athletic director, activity sponsor, and/or coach. The student's probationary contract and terms of probation will be discussed. If a substance abuse program is chosen or required, the student and his/her parents/guardian will meet with the aforementioned committee and the counselor upon completion of the substance abuse program.

C. Special Provisions:

- 1. Each day of actual competition will count as one (1) event when completing the period of ineligibility.
- 2. Mid to late-season suspensions-If the number of events a student is ineligible to participate in exceeds the number remaining in the current season, the ineligibility will carry over into the next season or activity. The numbers of activities or events carried forward will be prorated.
- 3. After each violation of the good conduct rule a student is on probation for one (1) year. If no violations occur during the probationary period, the student's previous violations are expunged from his/her record.
- 4. The student must participate in all practices while ineligible, unless the period of ineligibility is one (1) year.

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- Each activity sponsor shall retain the prerogative to add additional regulations pertaining to the activity.
 Example-training hours, attendance requirements, etc. A copy must be on file with the principal and athletic director.
- 6. In the event the situation occurs which is not covered in this policy, the building principal will provide a ruling based upon the principal's belief as to the intent of this policy.
- 7. Percentages of activities or events will be based on regular season contests and/or performances.
- 8. If violation of rule two (2) involves tobacco, counseling will be provided by the school's guidance counselor.
- 9. When a student has enrolled their second year of high school, he/she will not be permitted to use a cocurricular activity he/she has not previously participated in to work off a period of ineligibility without the approval of the building principal.
- 10. Actual competition will be defined as one (1) calendar date in which a student is scheduled to participate in publicly.
- D. Students apprehended and charged by a law of enforcement agency during the school year for violation of the above rules will have seven (7) calendar days to report the violation to school officials. Failure to report the violation will result in a one (1) year suspension from activities. When school is not in session, the student committing the violation shall report it no later than the first (1st) student day of the student's return to school.
- E. A Central Lyon student has a right to appeal any part of the activity code. A request for an appeal must be made in writing within fifteen (15) days of the infraction.

Steps of appeal:

- 1. Athletic Director- A written decision shall be rendered within five (5) school days after the action has taken place. A student may appeal the decision; however, the appeal must be made within five (5) days after the written decision by the athletic director to the next level or void the student's appeal rights.
- 2. Appeal Board- The appeal board shall consist of two (2) teachers, one (1) administrator, and two (2) members of the School Improvement Advisory Committee (SIAC). A written decision shall be rendered within five (5) school days after the hearing. A student may appeal the decision; however, the appeal must be made within five (5) days of the written decision of the appeal board to the next level or void his/her appeal rights.
- 3. School District Superintendent- A written decision shall be rendered within five (5) school days after the hearing. A student may appeal the decision; however, the appeal must be made within five (5) days after the District Superintendent's written decision to the next level or void his/her appeal rights

Legal Reference: <u>Bunger v. Iowa High School Athletic Assn.</u>, 197 N.W.2d 555 (Iowa 1972).

In re Jason Clark, 1 D.P.I. App. Dec. 167 (1978).

Iowa Code §§ 280.13, .13A (2013).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(6); 36.15(1).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

503 Student Discipline504 Student Activities

Approved <u>7/17/95</u> Reviewed <u>1/13/20</u> Revised <u>1/13/20</u>

503.5 CORPORAL PUNISHMENT

Corporal punishment is defined as the intentional physical punishment of a student and is prohibited. It includes the use of unreasonable or unnecessary physical force or physical contact made with the intent to harm or cause pain. No employee is prohibited from:

- Using reasonable and necessary force, not designed or intended to cause pain, in order to accomplish
 any of the following:
 - To quell a disturbance or prevent an act that threatens physical harm to any person.
 - To obtain possession of a weapon or other dangerous object within a pupil's control.
 - For the purposes of self-defense or defense of others as provided for in Iowa Code section 704.3.
 - For the protection of property as provided for in IOWA CODE section 704.4 or 704.5.
 - To remove a disruptive pupil from class or any area of school premises or from school-sponsored activities off school premises.
 - To protect a student from the self-infliction of harm.
 - To protect the safety of others.
- Using incidental, minor, or reasonable physical contact to maintain order and control.

Reasonable physical force should be commensurate with the circumstances of the situation. The following factors should be considered in using reasonable physical force for the reasons stated in this policy:

- 1. The size and physical, mental, and psychological condition of the student;
- 2. The nature of the student's behavior or misconduct provoking the use of physical force;
- 3. The instrumentality used in applying the physical force:
- 4. The extent and nature of resulting injury to the student, if any;
- 5. The motivation of the school employee using physical force.

Upon request, the student's parents are given an explanation of the reasons for physical force.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: Ingraham v. Wright, 430 U.S. 651 (1977).

Goss v. Lopez, 419 U.S. 565 (1975).

Tinkham v. Kole, 252 Iowa 1303, 110 N.W.2d 258 (1961).

Lai v. Erickson, PTPC Admin. Doc. 83-12 (1983).

lowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.21 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(6); 103. 1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 275.

Cross Reference: 402.3 Abuse of Students by School District Employees

502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

503 Student Discipline

Approved 4/15/09 Reviewed 1/13/20 Revised 4/15/09

POLICY 504 STUDENT ACTIVITIES

504.1 STUDENT GOVERNMENT

The student council provides for student activities, serves as a training experience for student leaders, promotes the common good, gives students a share in the management of the school, develops high ideals of personal conduct, acts as a clearinghouse for student activities, seeks to interest students in school district affairs and helps solve problems that may arise. Members of the council are student representatives who have direct access to the administration.

The principal, in conjunction with the students and licensed employees, will set forth the guidelines for the student government's elections, operations, and other elements of the government.

Legal Reference: lowa Code § 279.8 (2013).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

504 Student Activities

Approved 7/17/95 Reviewed 2/10/20 Revised 2/10/20

504.2 STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

Extra-curricular activities of students are recognized as essential and desirable for the school program and are deemed worthy of liberal financial support; but extravagant or wasteful expenditure of money is to be scrupulously avoided.

All student activities of the Central Lyon Community School District shall be under the control and supervision of the superintendent; but the superintendent will, at his/her discretion, delegate direct supervision of such student organization and activities that may be within the Central Lyon School.

Secondary school student-initiated, noncurriculum-related groups and student curriculum-related groups, upon receiving permission from the principal, may use school facilities for group meetings during non-instructional time.

Non-instructional time will mean any time before the first (1st) period of the day and after the last period of the day in which any student attends class. Meetings will not interfere with the orderly conduct of the education program or other school district operations. It is within the discretion of the principal to determine whether the meetings will interfere with the orderly conduct of the education program or other school district operations. Activities relating to and part of the education program will have priority over the activities of another organization.

Curriculum-Related Organizations

It will also be the responsibility of the principal to determine whether a student group is curriculum-related. One (1) or more of the following questions will be answered affirmatively if the group is curriculum-related:

- Is the subject matter of the group actually taught in a regularly offered course?
- Will the subject matter of the group soon be taught in a regularly offered course?
- Does the subject matter of the group concern the body of courses as a whole?
- Is participation in the group required for a particular course?
- Does participation in the group result in academic credit?

Secondary school curriculum-related student organizations may use the school district facilities for meetings and other purposes before and after the instructional school day. Employees are assigned to monitor approved meetings and may interact with curriculum-related organizations.

Noncurriculum-Related Organizations

Student-initiated, noncurriculum-related organizations are provided access to meeting space and school district facilities.

Only students may attend and participate in meetings of noncurriculum-related groups. Such attendance is strictly voluntary and student-initiated. As a means of determining whether a student's attendance is voluntary, the principal may require parental consent for the student to attend the meetings.

Employees will be assigned to monitor approved meetings. Employees will not participate in the meeting or assist in planning, criticizing, or encouraging attendance. Only students may be involved in and attend the noncurriculum group's meetings.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

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Student Organization Financials

All student organizations and classes will keep complete and accurate financial and business records. All classes and organizations will budget their spending within their financial receipts. In other words, each organization and class must be self-supporting.

All student activity monies will be deposited with the secretary of the Superintendent who will keep complete and accurate records of the accounts of each organization, class and/or activity, pursuant to statute.

No member of the student body or faculty shall be permitted to solicit funds or merchandise for any activity without the approval of the Superintendent. All money raising activities must be approved by the School Board.

Non-School Participation During Sport Season

Student athletes in grades 9-12 who want to participate in a non-school sport during the same school sport season MUST have written permission from the high school principal. If the high school principal is unavailable, written permission must be obtained from the athletic director. Non-school participation may NOT conflict with a school sport practice or game. Violation of the policy will result in a 12 month ineligibility in that same sport as required by the IHSAA, IGHSAU, and the Department of Education.

Legal Reference: Westside Community Board of Education v Mergens, 496 U.S. 226 (1990).

Bender v. Williamsport Area Community School District, 741 F.2d 538 (3d Cir. 1984), vacated and

remanded on other grounds, 475 U.S. 534 (1986).

20 U.S.C. §§ 4071-4074 (2012). lowa Code §§ 287.1-.3; 297.9 (2013).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

504 Student Activities

Approved <u>7/17/95</u> Reviewed <u>2/10/20</u> Revised <u>2/10/20</u>

504.3 STUDENT PUBLICATIONS

Students may produce official school publications as part of the curriculum under the supervision of a faculty advisor and the principal. Official school publications include material produced in the journalism, newspaper, yearbook, or writing classes and distributed to the student body either free, for a fee, or in the Lyon County Reporter.

Any expression made by students, including student expression in official school publications, is not an expression of official school policy. The school district, the board, and the employees or officials are not liable in any civil or criminal action for any student expression made or published by students unless the employees or officials have interfered with or altered the content of the student speech or expression. The liability, if any, is only to the extent of the interference or alteration of the speech or expression.

Official school publications are free from prior restraint by employees or officials except as provided by law. A faculty advisor will supervise student writers to maintain professional standards of English and journalism and to comply with the law including, but not limited to, the restrictions against unlawful speech. The production of official school publications is guided by the law and by the ethical standards adopted by professional associations or societies of journalism.

Persons, other than students, who believe they have been aggrieved by student expression in a student-produced official school publication will follow the grievance procedure outlined in board policy 213.1. Students who believe their freedom of expression in a student-produced official school publication has been restricted will follow the grievance procedure outlined in board policy 502.

The superintendent is responsible for developing a student publications code. This code will include, but not be limited to, reasonable rules including time, place, and manner of restrictions. The superintendent will also be responsible for distributing this policy and the student publications code to the students and their parents.

Legal Reference: <u>Hazelwood School District v. Kuhlmeier</u>, 484 U.S. 260 (1988).

Bystrom v. Fridley High School, 822 F.2d 747 (8th Cir. 1987).

Iowa Code § 280.22.

Cross Reference: 307 Communication Channels

502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

504 Student Activities903.5 Distribution of Material

Approved <u>7/17/95</u> Reviewed <u>2/10/20</u> Revised <u>2/10/20</u>

504.3R1 STUDENT PUBLICATIONS CODE

A. Official school publications defined.

An "official school publication" is material produced by students in the journalism, newspaper, yearbook, or writing classes and distributed to students either free or for a fee or in the Lyon County Reporter.

- B. Expression in an official school publication.
 - 1. No student will express, publish or distribute in an official school publication material which is:
 - a. obscene:
 - b. libelous;
 - c. slanderous; or encourages students to:
 - 1) commit unlawful acts;
 - 2) violate school rules;
 - 3) cause the material and substantial disruption of the orderly and efficient operation of the school or school activity;
 - 4) disrupt or interfere with the education program;
 - 5) interrupt the maintenance of a disciplined atmosphere; or
 - 6) infringe on the rights of others.
 - 2. The official school publication is produced under the supervision of a faculty advisor.
- C. Responsibilities of students.
 - 1. Students writing or editing official school publications will assign and edit the news, editorial and feature contents of the official school publications subject to the limitations of the student publications code and the law.
 - 2. Students will strive to achieve professional standards of accuracy, fairness, objectivity and thoroughness in each and every aspect of official school publications.
 - 3. Students will strive to achieve professional standards of grammar, usage, punctuation and spelling for clarity and accuracy of official school publications.
- D. Responsibilities of faculty advisors.

Faculty advisors will supervise student writers to maintain professional standards of English and journalism and to comply with the law including, but not limited to, the restrictions against unlawful speech.

E. Liability.

Student expression in an official school publication will not be deemed to be an expression of the school district. The school district, the board, and the employees or officials are not liable in any civil or criminal action for any student expression made or published by students unless the employees or officials have interfered with or altered the content of the student expression. The liability, if any, is only to the extent of interference or alteration of the speech or expression.

- F. Appeal procedure.
 - 1. Students who believe they have been unreasonably restricted in their exercise of expression in an official student publication will seek review of the decision through the student grievance procedure, under board policy 502.414.
 - 2. Persons who believe they have been aggrieved by a student-produced official student publication will file their complaint through the citizen grievance procedure, under board policy 213.1.

Continued on next page

- G. Time, place and manner of restrictions on official school publications.
 - 1. Official student publications may be distributed in a reasonable manner on or off school premises.
 - 2. Distribution in a reasonable manner will not encourage students to:
 - a. commit unlawful acts;
 - b. violate school rules;
 - c. cause the material and substantial disruption of the orderly and efficient operation of the school district or school activity;
 - d. disrupt or interfere with the education program;
 - e. interrupt the maintenance of a disciplined atmosphere; or
 - f. infringe on the rights of others.

504.4 STUDENT PERFORMANCES

Students, as part of the education program, may participate in contests or other public and private events approved by the superintendent that will be of benefit to the student and the education program. Performance at such events is a privilege.

Students, who perform at such events, serve as ambassadors of the school district and must conduct themselves in the same manner as required in the regular school day. Students who fail to abide by this policy and the administrative regulations supporting it may be subject to disciplinary measures.

Students will be allowed to perform in these events only with proper permission and supervision and when the events do not disrupt the education program or other school district operations. The events must be approved by the superintendent or his designee. If it involves unusual travel and expense, the board must approve of the performance.

Events in which Central Lyon students participate during school hours or as representatives of the school but at locations outside the school must be sponsored and supervised by professional school personnel. Rules of behavior/conduct shall be the same at any in-school activity or event.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy. In developing the administrative regulations, these guidelines should be followed:

- Performances by student groups below the high school level should be allowed on a very limited basis;
- All groups of students should have an opportunity to participate; and
- Extensive travel by one group of students should be discouraged.

It is within the discretion of the superintendent to determine whether the event will benefit the education program and the participating students. Contests or other performances by students unapproved by the superintendent are the responsibility of the parent and the student.

Legal Reference: <u>Hazelwood School District v. Kuhlmeier</u>, 484 U.S. 260 (1988).

lowa Code §§ 280.13-.14 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 12.6.

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

503.4 Good Conduct Rule504 Student Activities

904 Community Activities Involving Students

Approved <u>7/17/95</u> Reviewed <u>2/10/20</u> Revised <u>2/10/20</u>

504.5 STUDENT FUND RAISING

Students may raise funds for school-sponsored events with the permission of the principal. Fund raising by students for events other than school-sponsored events is not allowed. Collection boxes for school fund raising must have prior approval from the principal before being placed on school property.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: Senior Class of Pekin High School v. Tharp, 154 N.W.2d 874 (lowa 1967).

Iowa Code § 279.8 (2013).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

503 Student Discipline
504 Student Activities
704.5 Student Activities Fund
905.2 Advertising and Promotion

Approved 7/17/95 Reviewed 2/10/20 Revised 2/10/20

504.6 STUDENT ACTIVITY PROGRAM

Participation in school activities is a privilege. School activities provide the benefits of promoting additional interests and ability in the students during their school years and for their lifetime.

Students will have an opportunity to participate in a school activity unless the activity is not offered or the student cannot participate for disciplinary reasons. If the activity is an intramural or interscholastic athletic activity, students of the opposite sex will have a comparable opportunity for participation. Comparable opportunity does not guarantee boys and girls will be allowed to play on each other's teams when there are athletic activities available that will allow both boys and girls to reap the benefits of school activities, which are the promotion of additional interests and abilities in the students.

Student activity events must be approved by the superintendent unless they involve unusual travel expense, in which case the board will take action. The events must not disrupt the education program or other school district operations.

A high school student who participates in school sponsored athletics may participate in a non-school sponsored sport during the same season with approval of the high school principal and the activities director. Such outside participation will not conflict with the school sponsored athletic activity.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations for each school activity. These regulations will include, but not be limited to, when physical examinations will be required, how and when parents will be informed about the risk of the activity, academic requirements, and proof of insurance on the student participating in certain activities. Students wanting to participate in school activities must meet the requirements set out by the school district for participation in the activity.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1683; 1685-1686 (2012).

34 C.F.R. Pt. 106.41 (2012).

lowa Code §§ 216.9; 280.13-.14 (2013). 281 I.A.C. 12.3(6), 12.6., 36.15(7).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

503 Student Discipline504 Student Activities

507 Student Health and Well-Being

Approved 7/17/95 Reviewed 2/10/20 Revised 2/10/20

POLICY 505 STUDENT SCHOLASTIC ACHIEVEMENT

505.1 STUDENT PROGRESS REPORTS AND CONFERENCES

Students shall receive a progress report at the end of each grading period. Students who are doing poorly, and their parents, shall be notified prior to the end of the semester to provide an opportunity to improve their grade(s). The board encourages the notification of students who have made marked improvement prior to the end of the semester.

Parent-teacher conferences will be held twice annually at all grade levels to keep parents informed.

Parent-teacher conferences are approved by the Board of Education upon adoption of the school calendar.

Parents, teachers, or principals may request a conference for students in grades kindergarten through twelve (K-12) in addition to the scheduled conference time. Parents and students are encouraged to discuss the student's progress or other matters with the student's teacher.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 256.11, .11A; 280 (1995).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(6), .3(7); .5(16).

Cross Reference: 505 Student Scholastic Achievement

506 Student Records

Approved 7/17/95 Reviewed 10/13/14 Revised 12/13/99

505.2 STUDENT PROMOTION - RETENTION - ACCELERATION

Students may be promoted to the next grade level at the end of each school year based on the student's achievement, age, maturity, emotional stability, and social adjustment.

The retention of a student will be determined based upon the judgment of the licensed employee and the principal. When it becomes evident a student in grades kindergarten through eight (K-8) may be retained in a grade level for an additional year, the parents will be informed.

Students in grades nine through twelve (9-12) will be informed of the required course work necessary to be promoted each year. When it becomes evident a student in these grades will be unable to meet the minimum credit requirements for the year, the student and parents will be informed.

Students in grades kindergarten through twelve (K-12) with exceptional talents may, with the permission of the building principal, superintendent and parents, request classes beyond their current grade level suitable to their exceptional talents and shall receive appropriate credits/grades for course(s) taken in the K-12 education curriculum. A student requesting to receive high school credit for a course, while a middle school student, must take the course in the appropriate high school class if student classroom space and schedule permit. Enrichment opportunities outside the school district may be allowed when the same or similar curriculum or courses are not provided within the Central Lyon curriculum.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 256.11, .11A; 279.8; 280.3 (1995).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(7); 12.5(16).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

505 Student Scholastic Achievement

Approved 2/10/97 Reviewed 10/13/14 Revised 10/12/09

505.3 STUDENT HONORS AND AWARDS

The school district will provide a program that establishes honors and awards including, but not limited to, academic letters, scholarships and good citizenship awards for students to assist students in setting goals. Students will be made aware of honors and awards and the action necessary on the part of the student to achieve them. It is possible that students who have not attended the Central Lyon school district for their entire education or have not attended an accredited public or private school will not be eligible for honors and awards.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to develop the administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: lowa Code § 279.8 (1995).

Cross Reference: 501.6 Student Transfers In

504 Student Activities

505 Student Scholastic Achievement

Approved 7/17/95 Reviewed 10/13/14 Revised 7/17/95

505.4 TESTING PROGRAM

A comprehensive testing program is established and maintained to evaluate the education program of the school district and to assist in providing guidance or counseling services to students and their families.

No student is required, as part of any applicable program, funded by the Unites State Department of Education, to submit to a survey, analysis or evaluation that reveals information concerning:

- political affiliations or beliefs of the student or student's parent:
- mental or psychological problems of the student or the student's family;
- sex behavior or attitudes;
- illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating or demeaning behavior;
- critical appraisals of other individuals with whom respondents have close family relationships;
- legally recognized, privileged and analogous relationships, such as those of lawyers, physicians and ministers; religious practices, affiliations or beliefs of the student or student's parent; or
- income,(other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assistance under such program);

without the prior consent of the student (if the student is an adult or emancipated minor), or in the case of an unemancipated minor, without the prior written consent of the parent.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

It is the responsibility of the board to review and approve the evaluation and testing program.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232h

Iowa Code §§ 280.3

Cross Reference: 505 Student Scholastic Achievement

506 Student Records

607.2 Student Health Services

Approved 7/14/02 Reviewed 1/9/17 Revised 1/9/17

505.5 GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS

Students must successfully complete the courses required by the board and Iowa Department of Education in order to graduate.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to ensure that students complete grades one (1) through twelve (12) and that high school students complete forty-eight (48) credits prior to graduation (includes May Term). The following credits will be required:

Language Arts8 creditsScience6 creditsMathematics6 creditsSocial Studies6 creditsComputer Applications2 creditPhysical Education1 credit

May Term requirements as outlined in the May Term registration material

Effective in the 2004-2005 school year, all high school students must be enrolled in a minimum of six (6) classes plus Physical Education per semester. Any variance from this requirement must have prior approval from the High School Guidance Counselor and the High School Principal.

The required courses of study will be reviewed by the board annually.

Graduation requirements for special education students will be in accordance with the prescribed course of study as described in their Individualized Education Program (IEP).

Core Diploma

An individualized path to graduation is considered as needed for juniors or seniors at risk of dropping out. Student must earn 36 credits and satisfy Central Lyon graduation core class requirements. Parent involvement is crucial and parent and administrative consent is required. The traditional diploma requires 48 credits and includes a wider selection of elective classes, advanced placement, and dual credit courses. Core diploma course work may include on-line individualized course work.

Language Arts 8 credits
Science 6 credits
Mathematics 6 credits
Social Studies 6 credits
Computer Applications 2 credits
Physical Education 1 credit
Electives 7 credits

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 256.11, .11A; 279.8; 280.3, .14 (2007).

281 I.A.C. 12.2; .3(7); .5; 41.404(6)(e).

Cross Reference: 505 Student Scholastic Achievement

603.3 Special Education

Approved 1/12/98 Reviewed 10/13/14 Revised 10/13/14

NEW LANGUAGE: Students must successfully complete the courses required by the board and lowa Department of Education in order to graduate.									
	f the superintendent to ensure that students complete grades one through twelve and that emplete credits prior to graduation. The following credits will be required for								
American Histo Financial Litera	credits credits credits credits ation semesters overnment credits credits credits								
The required courses of study will be reviewed by the board annually.									
Beginning with the class of 2022, graduation requirements for special education students will include successful completion of four years of English, three years of math, three years of social studies and three years of science.									
NOTE: This is a mand	datory policy.								
Legal Reference:	lowa Code §§ 256.7, 11, .11A, .41; 279.8; 280.3, .14. 281 I.A.C. 12.2, .5; 12.3(5).								

505

603.3 Special Education

Cross Reference:

Student Scholastic Achievement

505.6 EARLY GRADUATION

Generally, students will be required to complete the necessary course work and graduate from high school at the end of grade twelve (12). Students may graduate prior to this time if they meet the minimum graduation requirements stated in board policy.

A student who graduates early will no longer be considered a student and will become an alumnus of the school district. However, the student who graduates early may participate in commencement exercises.

Central Lyon School Board does not have the authority to limit when a student may graduate early. Students can graduate early whenever they meet the Central Lyon School District's graduation requirements. When a student requests early graduation, the student will receive a notice from the school district that the student has graduated, if the student applies at least two (2) weeks prior to the beginning of the next semester. The early graduate will not be allowed to participate in activities but may attend prom and commencement.

Forms for early graduation will be submitted in a timely fashion.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.3, .14 (1995).

281 I.A.C. 12.2; .3(7); .5.

Cross Reference: 505 Student Scholastic Achievement

Approved 7/17/95 Reviewed 10/13/14 Revised 7/17/95

505.7 COMMENCEMENT

Students who have met the requirements for graduation will be allowed to participate in the commencement proceedings provided they abide by the proceedings organized by the school district. Students who have not met the requirements for graduation may not be allowed to participate in the commencement proceedings. It shall be the responsibility of the principal to solicit input from each graduating class regarding the proceedings for their commencement.

Failure of a student to participate in commencement shall not be a reason for withholding the student's final progress report or diploma certifying the student's completion of high school.

Students that have met the requirements for a Central Lyon Alternative School diploma may participate in Commencement.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.3, .14(1995).

281 I.A.C. 12.2; .3(7); .5.

Cross Reference: 505 Student Scholastic Achievement

Approved 7/17/95 Reviewed 10/13/14 Revised 10/12/09

505.8 PARENT AND FAMILY ENGAGEMENT

Parental involvement is an important component in a student's success in school. The board encourages parents to become involved in their child's education to ensure the child's academic success. The board will: (In each of the following six items, the board must describe in policy how it will accomplish each of the items.)

- (1) how the board will involve parents in the development of the Title I plan, the process for school review of the plan and the process for improvement:
- (2) how the board will provide the coordination, technical assistance and other support necessary to assist participating schools in planning and implementing effective parent involvement activities to improve student academic achievement and school performance;
- (3) build the schools' and parents' capacity for strong parental involvement;
- (4) coordinate and integrate parental involvement strategies under Title I with other programs such as Head Start, Reading First, etc.;
- (5) conduct with the involvement of parents, an annual evaluation of the content and effectiveness of the parental involvement policy in improving the academic quality of the school served including identifying barriers to greater participation by parents in Title I activities (with particular attention to low-income parents, Limited English Proficient (LEP) parents, minorities, parents with disabilities and parents with low literacy) and use the findings of the evaluation to design strategies for more effective parental involvement and to revise, as necessary, the parental involvement policies; and
- (6) involve parents in Title I activities.

The board will review this policy annually. The superintendent is responsible for notifying parents of this policy annually or within a reasonable time after it has been amended during the school year. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy

Legal References: No Child Left Behind, Title I, Sec. 1118, P.L. 107-110.

Cross References: 903.2 Community Resource Persons and Volunteers

Approved 12/16/02 Reviewed 10/13/14 Revised 12/16/02

506 STUDENT RECORDS

506.1 STUDENT RECORDS ACCESS

The board recognizes the importance of maintaining student records and preserving their confidentiality. Student records containing personally identifiable information are kept confidential at collection, storage, disclosure and destruction stages. The board secretary is the custodian of student records. Student records may be maintained in the central administration office or administrative office of the student's attendance center.

Parents and eligible students will have access to the student's records during the regular business hours of the school district. An eligible student is a student who has reached eighteen years of age or is attending an institution of postsecondary education at the post high school level. Parents of an eligible student are provided access to the student records only with the written permission of the eligible student unless the eligible student is defined as a dependent by the Internal Revenue Code. In that case, the parents may be provided access without the written permission of the student. A representative of the parents or eligible student, who has received written permission from the parents or eligible student, may inspect and review a special education student's records. Parents, other than parents of an eligible student, may be denied access to a student's records if the school district has a court order stating such or when the district has been advised under the appropriate laws that the parents may not access the student records. Parents may inspect an instrument used for the purpose of collection of student personal information prior to the instrument's use.

A student record may contain information on more than one student. Parents will have the right to access the information relating to their student or to be informed of the information. Eligible students will also have the right to access the information relating to themselves, or be informed of the information.

Parents and eligible students will have a right to access the student's records upon request without unnecessary delay and in no instance more than forty-five calendar days after the request is made. Parents, an eligible student or an authorized representative of the parents will have the right to access the student's records prior to an Individualized Education Program (IEP) meeting or hearing.

Copies of student records will be provided if failure to do so would effectively prevent the parents or student from exercising the right to access the student records. Fees for copies of the records are waived if it would prevent the parents or student from accessing the records. A fee may not be charged to search or retrieve information from student records.

Upon the request of parents or an eligible student, the school district will provide an explanation and interpretation of the student records and a list of the types and locations of education records collected, maintained or used by the school district.

If the parents or an eligible student believes the information in the student records is inaccurate, misleading or violates the privacy or other rights of the student, the parents or an eligible student may request that the school district amend the student records. The school district will decide whether to amend the student records within a reasonable time after receipt of the request. If the school district determines an amendment is made to the student record, the school district will make the amendment and inform the parents or the eligible student of the decision in writing.

If the school district determines that amendment of the student's record is not appropriate, it will inform the parents or the eligible student of their right to a hearing before the hearing officer provided by the school district.

If the parents' and the eligible student's request to amend the student record is further denied following the hearing, the parents or the eligible student are informed that they have a right to place an explanatory letter in the student record commenting on the school district's decision or setting forth the reasoning for disagreeing with the school district. Additions to the student's records will become a part of the student record and be maintained like other student records. If the school district discloses the student records, the explanation by the parents will also be disclosed.

Student records may be disclosed in limited circumstances without parental or eligible student's written permission. This disclosure is made on the condition that the student record will not be disclosed to a third party without the written permission of the parents or the eligible student. This disclosure may be made to the following individuals or under the following circumstances:

- to school officials within the school district and AEA personnel whom the superintendent has determined to have a legitimate educational interest, including, but not limited to, board members, employees, school attorney, auditor, health professionals, and individuals serving on official school committees;
- to officials of another school district in which the student wishes to enroll, provided the other school district notifies the parents the student records are being sent and the parents have an opportunity to receive a copy of the records and challenge the contents of the records unless the annual notification includes a provision that records will automatically be transferred to new school districts;
- to the U.S. Comptroller General, the U.S. Attorney General, the U.S. Secretary of Education or state and local educational authorities:
- in connection with financial aid for which the student has applied or which the student has received if the information is necessary to receive the financial aid;
- to organizations conducting educational studies and the study does not release personally identifiable information;
- to accrediting organizations;
- to parents of a dependent student as defined in the Internal Revenue Code;
- to comply with a court order or judicially issued subpoena;
- consistent with an interagency agreement between the school district and juvenile justice agencies
- in connection with a health or safety emergency; or,
- as directory information.

The superintendent will keep a list of the individuals and their positions who are authorized to view a special education student's records without the permission of the parents or the eligible student. Individuals not listed are not allowed access without parental or an eligible student's written permission. This list must be current and available for public inspection and updated as changes occur.

The superintendent will also keep a list of individuals, agencies and organizations which have requested or obtained access to a student's records, the date access was given and their legitimate educational interest or purpose for which they were authorized to view the records. The superintendent, however, does not need to keep a list of the parents, authorized educational employees, officers and agencies of the school district who have accessed the student's records. This list for a student record may be accessed by the parents, the eligible student and the custodian of student records.

Permanent student records, including a student's name, address, phone number, grades, attendance record, classes attended, grade level completed and year completed may be maintained without time limitation. Permanent student records will be kept in a fire-safe vault.

When personally identifiable information, other than permanent student records, no longer needs to be maintained by the school district to provide educational services to a special education student, the parents or eligible student are notified. This notice is normally given after a student graduates or otherwise leaves the school district. If the parents or eligible student request that the personally identifiable information be destroyed, the school district will destroy the records. Prior to the destruction of the records, the school district must inform the parents or eligible student the records may be needed by the parents or eligible student for social security benefits or other purposes.

The school district will cooperate with the juvenile justice system in sharing information contained in permanent student records regarding students who have become involved with the juvenile justice system. The school district will enter into an interagency agreement with the juvenile justice agencies (agencies) involved.

The purpose of the agreement is to allow for the sharing of information prior to a student's adjudication in order to promote and collaborate between the school district and the agencies to improve school safety, reduce alcohol and illegal drug use, reduce truancy, reduce in-school and out-of-school suspensions, and to support alternatives to in-school and out-of-school suspensions and expulsions which provide structured and well supervised educational programs supplemented by coordinated and appropriate services designed to correct behaviors that lead to truancy, suspension, and expulsions and to support students in successfully completing their education.

The school district may share any information with the agencies contained in a student's permanent record, which is directly related to the juvenile justice system's ability to effectively serve the student. Prior to adjudication information contained in the permanent record may be disclosed by the school district to the parties without parental consent or court order. Information contained in a student's permanent record may be disclosed by the school district to the agencies after adjudication only with parental consent or a court order. Information shared pursuant to the agreement is used solely for determining the programs and services appropriate to the needs of the student or student's family or coordinating the delivery of programs and services to the student or student's family.

Information shared under the agreement is not admissible in any court proceedings, which take place prior to a disposition hearing, unless written consent is obtained from a student's parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian.

Confidential information shared between the school district and the agencies will remain confidential and will not be shared with any other person, unless otherwise provided by law.

Information shared under the agreement is not admissible in any court proceedings, which take place prior to a disposition hearing, unless written consent is obtained from a student's parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian. The school district may discontinue information sharing with an agency if the school district determines that the agency has violated the intent or letter of the agreement.

Agencies will contact the principal of the attendance center where the student is currently or was enrolled. The principal will then forward copies of the records within 10 business days of the request.

The school district will provide training or instruction to employees about parents' and eligible students' rights under this policy. Employees will also be informed about the procedures for carrying out this policy. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to annually notify parents and eligible students of their right to inspect and review the student's records. The notice is given in a parents' or eligible student's native language. Should the school district collect personal information from students for the purposes of marketing or selling that information, the school district will annually notify parents of such activity.

The notice will include a statement that the parents have a right to file a complaint alleging the school district failed to comply with this policy. Complaints are forwarded to Family Policy Compliance Office, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue, Washington, DC. 20202-4605.

Legal Reference: No Child Left Behind, Title IX, Sec. 9528, P.L.107-110 (2002).

USA Patriot Act, Sec. 507, P.L. 107-56. (2001).

20 U.S.C. § 1232g, 1415 (2004).

34 C.F.R. Pt. 99, 300.610, et seq. (2004).

lowa Code §§ 22; 279.9B, 280.24,.25, 622.10 (2007).

281 I.A.C. 12.3(6); 41.610 et seq.

1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 720, 825.

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

505 Student Scholastic Achievement

506 Student Records

507 Student Health and Well-Being

603.3 Special Education

708 Care, Maintenance and Disposal of School District Records

901 Public Examination of School District Records

Approved <u>7/17/95</u> Reviewed <u>10/13/14</u> Revised <u>4/15/09</u>

506.1E1 STUDENT RECORDS CHECKLIST

	Copy to Parent Upon Request	Parent Sig. Required**	User Must Sub. Written Reg.*	No Parent Sig. Required	Parent Notify in Advance	Parent Notify of Release	Req. Made Part of Stud. Rec.	Sche. Hearing Foll. b/wrtn. decision t/Par.	
Subpoena or Judicial Order				•	•				Lawfully Issued
Student Financial Aid				•					Written Request
School or Staff in Same				•					No Written Request
School System									Necessary
Other School System Where Student Plans to Enroll	•		•	•		•	•		506.1E2
United States Comptroller General			•	•			•		506.1E2
Dept. of Health, Education and Welfare Secretary			•	•			•		506.1E2
National Institute of Education			•	•			•		506.1E2
Iowa Dept. of Education Official			•	•			•		506.1E2
Parent Inspection of Student Educational Records	•	•							506.1E5
Parent Request for Hearing to Challenge Record		•						•	506.1E4
Parent Authorization for School to Release Information	•	•							501.E3
Notification of Transfer of Student Records	•			•					506.1E6

^{*}Such written request is available for inspection by the parent or student and the school official responsible for record maintenance.

^{**}When a student has attained the age of 18 years or is attending an institution of post-secondary education, the permission or consent required of the rights accorded the parent of the student will thereafter be required of and accorded only to the student.

506.1E2 REQUEST OF NONPARENT FOR EXAMINATION OR COPIES OF STUDENT RECORDS

The undersigned hereby requests permission to examine the Central Lyon Community School District's official student records of: (Legal Name of Student) (Date of Birth) The undersigned requests copies of the following official student records of the above student: ______ The undersigned certifies that they are (check one): An official of another school system in which the student intends to enroll. () (a) An authorized representative of the Comptroller General of the United States. () (b) An authorized representative of the Secretary of (c) the U.S. Department of Education or U.S. Attorney General () (d) An administrative head of an education agency as defined in Section 408 of the Education Amendments of 1974. () (e) An official of the Iowa Department of Education. () (f) A person connected with the student's application for, or receipt of, financial aid () (SPECIFY DETAILS ABOVE.) A representative of a juvenile justice agency with which the school district has (g) () an interagency agreement.] The undersigned agrees that the information obtained will only be redisclosed consistent with state or federal law without the written permission of the parents of the student, or the student if the student is of majority age. (Signature) (Title) (Agency) APPROVED: Date: Address: Signature: City: Title: _____ ZIP: _____ Dated: Phone Number:

Central Lyon School District Board Policy - 500 Series

506.1E3 PARENTAL AUTHORIZATION FOR RELEASE OF STUDENT RECORDS

Date			
To:			
	Educational Institution		
Address:			
concerning my children w	ge and consent that I authorize the relevith the Central Lyon Community Schoor child may be released and or exchanourposes.	ol District. Any and all information	on pertinent to the
Child	Date of Birth	Grade	
Child	Date of Birth	Grade	
Child	Date of Birth	Grade	
Child	Date of Birth	Grade	
Child	Date of Birth	Grade	
Parent/Guardian Signatu	re:		
Permission Requested B	y: Building Principal's Si	gnature	

Note: Please send the cumulative records for the above named students who have enrolled in the Central Lyon Community School District. Also include all health records, test results, and other pertinent information that will aid in the placement of the above student(s). Thank you.

506.1E4 REQUEST FOR HEARING ON CORRECTION OF STUDENT RECORDS

To:	Address:
Board Secretary (Custodian)	
I believe certain official student records of my child, student), (school name), are of my child.	, (full legal name of inaccurate, misleading or in violation of privacy rights
The official education records which I believe are ina other rights of my child are:	accurate, misleading or in violation of the privacy or
The reason I believe such records are inaccurate, m of my child is:	isleading or in violation of the privacy or other rights
I understand that I will be notified in writing of the tim writing of the decision; and I have the right to appear	
stating I disagree with the decision and why.	in or a right to place a statement in my child's record
	(Signature)
	Date:
	Address:
	City:
	State: ZIP
	Phone Number:

506.1E5 REQUEST FOR EXAMINATION OF STUDENT RECORDS

To:	Address:
Board Secretary (Custodian)	
The undersigned desires to examine the following of	ficial education records.
of	
of (Full Legal Name of Student)	(Date of Birth) (Grade)
(Name of School)	
My relationship to the student is:	
(check one)	
I do	
I do not	
desire a copy of such records. I understand that a re-	easonable charge may be made for the copies.
	(Parent's Signature)
	,
APPROVED:	Date:
	Address:
Signature:	City:
Title:	State: ZIP
Dated:	Phone Number:

506.1E6 NOTIFICATION OF TRANSFER OF STUDENT RECORDS

To:	Date:
Parent/or Guardian	
Street Address:	
City/State	ZIP:
Please be notified that copies of the concerning	Community School District's official student records, (full legal name of student) have been transferred to:
School District Name	Address
upon the written statement that the student intends to	enroll in said school system.
If you desire a copy of such records furnished, please A reasonable charge will be made for the copies.	e check here and return this form to the undersigned.
If you believe such records transferred are inaccurate rights of the student, you have the right to a hearing t	e, misleading or otherwise in violation of the privacy or other o challenge the contents of such records.
	(Name)
	(Title)

506.1E7 LETTER TO PARENT REGARDING RECEIPT OF A SUBPOENA

Date	
Dear (Parent) :	
This letter is to notify you that theC (subpoena or court order) requesting copies of your child's prequested are	
The school district has until _(date on subpoena or court order)_t(requesting party on subpoena or court order). If you have any c(phone #)	
Sincerely,	
(Principal or Superintendent)	

506.1E8 JUVENILE JUSTICE AGENCY INFORMATION SHARING AGREEMENT

Statement of Purpose: The purpose of this Agreement is to allow for the sharing of information among the School District and the Agencies prior to a student's adjudication in order to promote and collaborate to improve school safety, reduce alcohol and illegal drug use, reduce truancy, reduce in-school and out-of-school suspensions, and to support alternatives to in-school and out-of-school suspensions and expulsions which provide structured and well supervised educational programs supplemented by coordinated and appropriate services designed to correct behaviors that lead to truancy, suspension, and expulsions and to support students in successfully completing their education.

Identification of Agencies: This agreement is between the Central Lyon Community School District (hereinafter "School District") and (agencies listed) (hereinafter "Agencies").

Statutory Authority: This agreement implements Iowa Code § 280.25 and is consistent with 34 C.F.R. 99.38 (2004).

Parameters of Information Exchange:

- 1. The School District may share any information with the Agencies contained in a student's permanent record which is directly related to the juvenile justice system's ability to effectively serve the student.
- 2. Prior to adjudication information contained in the permanent record may be disclosed by the school district to the Agencies without parental consent or court order.
- 3. Information contained in a student's permanent record may be disclosed by the School District to the Agencies after adjudication only with parental consent or a court order.
- 4. Information shared pursuant to the agreement is used solely for determining the programs and services appropriate to the needs of the student or student's family or coordinating the delivery of programs and services to the student or student's family.
- 5. Information shared under the agreement is not admissible in any court proceedings which take place prior to a disposition hearing, unless written consent is obtained from a student's parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian.
- 6. Information obtained by the school from other juvenile justice agencies may not be used as the basis for disciplinary action of the student.
- 7. This agreement only governs a school district's ability to share information and the purposes for which that information can be used. Other agencies are bound by their own respective confidentiality policies.

Records' Transmission: The individual requesting the information should contact the principal of the building in which the student is currently enrolled or was enrolled. The principal will forward the records within 10 business days of the request.

Confidentiality: Confidential information shared between the Agencies and the school district will remain confidential and will not be shared with any other person, unless otherwise provided by law. Information shared under the agreement is not admissible in any court proceedings which take place prior to a disposition hearing, unless written consent is obtained from a student's parent. Agencies or individuals violating the terms of this agreement subject their entity represented and themselves personally to legal action pursuant to federal and state law.

Amendments: This agreement constitutes the entire agreement among the agencies with respect to information sharing. Agencies may be added to this agreement at the discretion of the school district.

Term: This agreement is effective from July 2009.

Termination: The School District may discontinue information sharing with an Agency if the School District determines that the Agency has violated the intent or letter of this Agreement.

APPROVED:

Signature:	Address:
Title:	City:
Agency:	State: ZIP
Dated:	Phone Number:
Signature:	Address:
Title:	City:
Agency:	State: ZIP
Dated:	Phone Number:
Signature:	Address:
Title:	City:
Agency:	State: ZIP
Dated:	Phone Number:
Signature:	Address:
Title:	City:
Agency:	State: ZIP
Dated:	Phone Number:

Note: This agreement is optional and can only be used if the board has adopted a policy approving of its use.

506.1E9 ANNUAL NOTICE

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) affords parents and students over 18 years of age ("eligible students") certain rights with respect to the student's education records. They are:

(1) The right to inspect and review the student's education records within 45 days of the day the district receives a request for access.

Parents or eligible students should submit to the school principal (or appropriate school official) a written request that identifies the record(s) they wish to inspect. The principal will make arrangements for access and notify the parent or eligible student of the time and place where the records may be inspected.

- (2) The right to request the amendment of the student's education records that the parent or eligible student believes are inaccurate or misleading or in violation of the student's privacy rights.
- Parents or eligible students may ask the school district to amend a record that they believe is inaccurate or misleading. They should write the school principal, clearly identify the part of the record they want changed, and specify why it is inaccurate or misleading.
- If the district decides not to amend the record as requested by the parent or eligible student, the district will notify the parent or eligible student of the decision and advise them of their right to a hearing regarding the request for amendment. Additional information regarding the hearing procedures will be provided to the parent or eligible student when notified of the right to a hearing.
- (3) The right to consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contained in the student's education records, except to the extent that FERPA authorizes disclosure without consent.
- One exception, which permits disclosure without consent is disclosure to school officials with legitimate educational interests. A school official is a person employed by the district as an administrator, supervisor, instructor, or support staff member (including health or medical staff and law enforcement unit personnel); a person serving on the school board; a person or company with whom the district has contracted to perform a special task (such as an attorney, auditor, AEA employees, medical consultant, or therapist); or a parent or student serving on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee or student assistance team, or assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks.
- A school official has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill his or her professional responsibility.
- (4) The right to inform the school district that the parent does not want directory information, as defined below, to be released. Directory information can be released without prior parental consent.

 Any student over the age of eighteen or parent not wanting this information released to the public must make object in writing by August 15 to the principal. The objection needs to be renewed annually.

NAME, ADDRESS, TELEPHONE LISTING, DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH, E-MAIL ADDRESS, GRADE LEVEL, ENROLLMENT STATUS, MAJOR FIELD OF STUDY, PARTICIPATION IN OFFICIALLY RECOGNIZED ACTIVITIES AND SPORTS, WEIGHT AND HEIGHT OF MEMBERS OF ATHLETIC TEAMS, DATES OF ATTENDANCE, DEGREES AND AWARDS RECEIVED, THE MOST RECENT PREVIOUS SCHOOL OR INSTITUTION ATTENDED BY THE STUDENT, PHOTOGRAPH AND LIKENESS AND OTHER SIMILAR INFORMATION.

(5) The right to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by the district to comply with the requirements of FERPA. The name and address of the office that administers FERPA is: Family Policy Compliance Office, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Ave., SW, Washington, DC, 20202-4605.

Approved	12/16/02	Reviewed	10/13/14	Revised	10/12/09	
Abbroved	12/10/02	Reviewed	10/13/14	Revised	10/12/09	

506.1E10 ANNUAL NOTICE (Spanish Version)

La FERPA (Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act), la ley que trata sobre el derecho a la privacidad y los derechos educativos de la familia, le depara a los padres y a los estudiantes mayores de dieciocho años (estudiantes emancipados) ciertos derechos con respecto a los expedientes académicos del estudiante. Estos derechos están a continuación:

(1) El derecho a inspeccionar y a revisar los expedientes académicos del estudiante dentro de un plazo de 45 días a partir de la fecha en que el distrito reciba una solicitud para obtener acceso a los expedientes.

Los padres o los estudiantes emancipados deben someter una solicitud por escrito al director de la escuela (o al oficial escolar apropriado) identificando el expendiente o los expedientes que ellos desean inspeccionar. El director hará arreglos para el acceso a los mismos y le notificará al padre o a la madre o al estudiante emancipado de la hora y el lugar en donde se pueden inspeccionar los expedientes.

(2) El derecho a solicitar una enmienda de los expedientes académicos del estudiante, los cuales piensan los padres o el estudiante emancipado que están incorrectos, que son engañosos o que quebrantan los derechos del estudiante a su privacidad.

Si los padres o los estudiantes emancipados creen que un expediente está incorrecto o es engañoso, pueden pedirle al distrito escolar que enmiende el expediente. Ellos deben escribirle al director de la escuela, identificando claramente la parte del expediente que ellos desean cambiar y especificando por qué el expediente está incorrecto o es engañoso.

Si el distrito escolar decide no enmendar el expediente, según la solicitación de los padres o de los estudiantes emancipados; el distrito notificará a los padres o al estudiante emancipado de esta decisión y les informará de su derecho a tener una audiencia con relación a la solicitud de enmienda. Cuando se le notifique del derecho a tener una audiencia, el padre, la madre o el estudiante emancipado también recibirá información adicional sobre los procedimientos de la audiencia.

(3) El derecho al consentimiento de la divulgación de información contenida en el expediente académico del estudiante y que lo identifica personalmente, a la excepción de lo que autoriza FERPA divulgar sin consentimiento.

Una excepción que permite la divulgación de información sin consentimiento es la divulgación de información a los oficiales escolores que tienen intereses educativos legítimos. Un oficial escolor es una persona que es empleado del distrito ya sea como administrador, supervisor, instructor, personal auxiliar (incluyendo el personal médico o de servicios de salud y el personal policial), una persona miembro de la junta escolar, una persona o compañía con quien el distrito ha contratado para realizar una tarea especial (tal como un abogado, interventor de cuentas, empleados del AEA (Agencias de Educación Regionales), asesor médico o terapeuta), o como un padre o estudiante que participa en un comité oficial, tal como un comité disciplinario o de quejas, o un equipo auxiliar de estudiantes, o como una persona que ayuda a otro oficial escolar a realizar sus tareas.

Un oficial escolar tiene un interés escolar legítimo si el oficial necesita revisar un expediente académico a fin de cumplir con su obligación profesional.

(4) El derecho de informarle al distrito escolar de que el padre o la madre no quieren que se comunique al público la información contenida en el directorio, tal como se define abajo. Cualquier estudiante mayor de dieciocho años de edad o padre o madre que no quiera que se comunique al público esta información puede hacer una objeción de los escribiéndole al director a más tardar el 15 de agosto. La objeción tiene que ser renovada anualmente.

Nombre, dirección, número de teléfono, fecha y lugar de nacimiento, materia de estudio principal, participación en deportes y en actividates reconocidas oficialmente, peso y estatura de los miembros de los equipas atléticos, fechas de asistencia a la escuela, diplomas y premios recividos, la escuela o institución docente más reciente a la que asistió el estudiante, fotografía o imagen u otra información parecida.

(5) El derecho a presentar una queja al U.S. Department of Education (Ministerio de Educación de los Estados Unidos) con respecto a las faltas supuestas del distrito en cumplir con los requisitos de FERPA. A continuación encontrará el nombre y la dirección de la oficina que maneja FERPA:

Family Policy Compliance Office, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Ave., S.W., Washington, D.C., 20202-4605.

estudiante o a la familia del estudiante. A menos que se obtenga un consentimiento por escrito de parte de los padres de un estudiante, del guardián o del custodio legal o real del estudiante, la información que se intercambie en virtud de un acuerdo, no será admisible en ningún procedimiento judicial que tenga lugar antes de una audiencia de disposición. Este acuerdo solamente rige la capacidad de un distrito escolar para intercambiar información y rige los propósitos para los cuales se puede utilizar esa información.

El propósito para el cual se intercambia la información antes de la adjudicación del estudiante es para mejorar la seguridad del colegio, reducir el uso ilícito de drogas y de alcohol, reducir las inasistencias a clase, reducir las suspensiones en el colegio y fuera del colegio, y para apoyar las alternativas a las suspensiones y expulsiones en el colegio y fuera del colegio. Estas alternativas proporcionan progrmas educativos estructurados y bien supervisados, suplidos por servisions adecuados y coordinados que están diseñados para corregir comportamientos que causan inasistencias a clase, suspensiones y expulsiones. Estos programas apoyan a los estudiantes en completar exitosamente su educación.

El individio que solicite la información debe ponerse en contacto con el director del edificio en el cual el estudiante está actualmente matriculado o en el que estuvo matriculado. El director entonces enviará los expedientes dentro de los diez dias laborables que le siguen a la fecha en que se recibió la solicitud.

La información confidencial que se intercambie entre las Partes y el distrito escolar permanecerá en confianza y no se intercambiará con ninguna otra persona salvo que esté dispuesto por ley. A menos que se obtenga el consentimiento por escrito de parte del padre o la madre del estudiante del guardián o del custodio real o legal del estudiante, ninguna información intercambiada según el acuerdo será admisible en ningún procedimiento judicial que tenga lugar antes de la audiencia.]

Approved	12/16/02	Reviewed	10/13/1/	Revised	10/12/09	
Abbioved	12/10/02	Reviewed	10/13/14	Reviseu	10/12/09	

506.1R1 USE OF STUDENT RECORDS REGULATION

Student records are all official records, files, and data directly related to students, including all material incorporated into each student's cumulative record folder and intended for school use or to be available to parties outside the school or school system specifically including, but not necessarily limited to: dates of attendance; academic work completed; level of achievement (grades, standardized test scores); attendance data; scores on standardized intelligence, aptitude, and psychological tests; interest inventory results; health data; family background information; teacher or counselor ratings and observations; and verified reports of serious or recurrent behavior patterns.

The intent of this regulation is to establish procedures for granting requests from parents for access to their child's records, use of the data, and procedures for its transmittal within forty-five calendar days.

A. Access to Records

1. The parent or legal guardian of a student will have access to these records upon written request to the board secretary.

The parent or legal guardian will, upon written request to the board secretary, have the opportunity to receive an interpretation of the records, have the right to question the data, and, if a difference of opinion is noted, is permitted to file a letter in the cumulative folder stating the dissenting person's position. If further challenge is made to the record, the normal appeal procedures established by school policy will be followed.

A student, eighteen years or older, has the right to determine who, outside the school system, has access to the records. Parents of students who are 18 years or older but still dependents for income tax purposes may access the student's records without prior permission of the student.

2. School officials having access to student records are defined as having a legitimate educational interest. A school official is a person employed by the school district as an administrator, supervisor, instructor or support staff member (including health or medical staff and law enforcement unit personnel); a person serving on the school board; a person or company with whom the school district has contracted to perform a special task (such as an attorney, auditor, AEA employee, medical consultant, or therapist); or a parent or student serving on an official committee, such as disciplinary or grievance committee or student assistance team, or assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks.

B. Release of Information Outside the School

1. To release student records to other school(s) in which the student intends to enroll, the parents, legal guardian, or eligible student must be notified of the transfer and the kinds of information being released unless the school district annually notifies parents that the records will be sent automatically.

Student records may be released to official education and other government agencies only if allowed by state or federal law.

- 3. To release student records to other persons or agencies, written consent is given by the parent, legal guardian, or a student of majority age. This consent form will state which records are released, to whom they are released, and the reason for the release. A copy of the specific records being released will be made available to the person signing the release form if requested.
- 4. Before furnishing student records in compliance with judicial orders or pursuant to any lawfully issued subpoena, the school district will make a reasonable attempt to notify the parents, legal guardian, or eligible student are notified in advance.

5. Student records may be shared with juvenile justice agencies with which the school district has an interagency agreement. This information is shared without prior parental consent. The agreement is a public document available for inspection.

Hearing Procedures

- 1. Upon parental request, the school district will hold a hearing regarding the content of a student's records which the parent believes to be inaccurate, misleading, or in violation of the privacy rights of students.
- 2. The hearing will be held within a reasonable time after receipt of the parent or eligible student's request. The parent or eligible student will receive reasonable advance notice of date, time and place of the hearing.
- 3. The hearing officer may be an employee of the school district so long as the employee does not have a direct interest in the outcome of the hearing.
- 4. The parents or eligible student will be given a full and fair opportunity to present evidence relevant to the issues. The parent or eligible student may be represented by an individual at their choice at their own expense.
- 5. The hearing officer will render a written decision within a reasonable period after the hearing. The decision will be based upon evidence presented at the hearing and must include a summary of the evidence and the reasons for the decision.
- 6. The parents may appeal the hearing officers decision to the superintendent within 10 days if the superintendent does not have a direct interest in the outcome of the hearing.
- 7. The parents may appeal the superintendent's decision, or the hearing officers decision if the superintendent was unable to hear the appeal, to the board within 10 days. It is within the discretion of the board to hear the appeal.

506.2 STUDENT DIRECTORY INFORMATION

Student directory information is designed to be used internally within the school district. Directory information is defined in the annual notice. It may include the student's name, address, telephone number, date and place of birth, e-mail address, grade level, enrollment status, major field of study, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, weight and height of members of athletic teams, dates of attendance, degrees and awards received, the most recent previous educational agency or institution attended by the student, photograph and other likeness, and other similar information.

Prior to developing a student directory or to giving general information to the public, parents will be given notice annually of the intent to develop a directory or to give out general information and have the opportunity to deny the inclusion of their child's information in the directory or in the general information about the students.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to provide notice and to determine the method of notice that will inform parents.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2012).

34 C.F.R. Pt. 99 (2012).

Iowa Code § 22; 622.10 (2013). 281 I.A.C. 12.3(4); 41.123. 1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 720.

Cross Reference: 504 Student Activities

506 Student Records

901 Public Examination of School District Records

902.4 Live Broadcast or videotaping

Approved <u>7/17/95</u> Reviewed <u>10/13/14</u> Revised <u>6/14/04</u>

506.2E1 AUTHORIZATION FOR RELEASING STUDENT DIRECTORY INFORMATION

The Central Lyon Community School District has adopted a policy designed to assure parents and students the full implementation, protection and enjoyment of their rights under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA). A copy of the school district's policy is available for review in the office of the principal of all of our schools.

This law requires the school district to designate as "directory information" any personally identifiable information taken from a student's educational records prior to making such information available to the public.

The school district has designated the following information as directory information: student's name, address and telephone number; date and place of birth; email address, grade level, enrollment status, major field of study; participation in officially recognized activities and sports; weight and height of members of athletic teams; dates of attendance; degrees and awards received; and the most recent previous educational institution attended by the student; photograph and other likeness and other similar information. You have the right to refuse the designation of any or all of the categories of personally identifiable information as directory information with respect to your student provided that you notify the school district in writing not later than August 15 of this school year. If you desire to make such a refusal, please complete and return the slip attached to this notice.

If you have no objections to the use of student information, you do not n	eed to take any action.	
RETURN THIS FORM IF YOU OBJECT TO HAVING YOUR CHILD'S I	NFORMATION IN A DIRECTORY.	
NOTE: COMPLETING THIS FORM WILL WITHHOLD YOUR CHILD'S PICTURE AND NAME FROM THE SCHOOL ANNUAL AND MEMORY BOOK.		
CENTRAL LYON COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Parental Directions to Withhold Student/Directory Information for Educa year.	tion Purposes, for 20 - 20 school	
Student Name:	Date of Birth	
School:	Grade:	
(Signature of Parent/Legal Guardian/Custodian of Child)	(Date)	

This form must be returned to your child's school no later than August 15 annually. Additional forms are available at your child's school.

506.2R1 USE OF DIRECTORY INFORMATION

The student handbook or similar publication given to each student which contains general information about the school will contain the following statement which is published at least annually in a prominent place or in a newspaper of general circulation in the school district:

The following information may be released to the public in regard to any individual student of the school district as needed. Any student over the age of eighteen or parent not wanting this information released to the public must make objection in writing by August 15 to the principal. The objection needs to be renewed annually.

NAME, ADDRESS, TELEPHONE LISTING, DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH, MAJOR FIELD OF STUDY, PARTICIPATION IN OFFICIALLY RECOGNIZED ACTIVITIES AND SPORTS, WEIGHT AND HEIGHT OF MEMBERS OF ATHLETIC TEAMS, DATES OF ATTENDANCE, DEGREES AND AWARDS RECEIVED, THE MOST RECENT PREVIOUS SCHOOL OR INSTITUTION ATTENDED BY THE STUDENT, PHOTOGRAPH AND LIKENESS AND OTHER SIMILAR INFORMATION.

DATED	. 20	
DATED	, 20	

Approved <u>7/17/95</u> Reviewed <u>10/13/14</u> Revised <u>7/17/95</u>

506.3 STUDENT PHOTOGRAPHS

The board will permit student "portrait" photographs to be taken on school premises by a commercial photographer as a service to the students and their families.

Parents will be notified prior to the taking of pictures by a commercial photographer for student "portraits." In no case will students be required to have their picture taken or be pressured to purchase pictures.

Students or commercial photographers may take pictures of students upon consent for such things as the yearbook or student newspaper.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the building principal, to develop administrative rules regarding student photographs.

Legal Reference: lowa Code § 279.8 (1995).

1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 114.

Cross Reference: 506 Student Records

Approved <u>7/17/95</u> Reviewed <u>10/13/14</u> Revised <u>7/17/95</u>

506.4 STUDENT LIBRARY CIRCULATION RECORDS

Student library circulation records are designed to be used internally to assist in the orderly administration of the school district libraries. As a general rule, student library circulation records are considered confidential records and will not be released without parental consent. Individuals who may access such records include a student's parents, the student, authorized licensed employees, authorized government officials from the U.S. Comptroller General, the Secretary of Education, the Commissioner and Director of the National Institute of Education, and the Assistant Secretary for Education and State Education Department. Appropriate authorities in a health or safety emergency may access the student's library circulation records without the approval or the notification of the student's parents. Parents may not access records, without the student's permission, of a student who has reached the age of majority or who is attending a post-secondary educational institution unless the student is considered a dependent for tax purposes.

It is the teacher-librarian's responsibility, as the person maintaining the student library circulation records, to approve requests for access to student library circulation records. Students' library circulation records may be accessed during the regular business hours of the school district. If copies of documents are requested, a fee for such copying may be charged.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the teacher or teacher-librarian, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2006).

34 C.F.R. Pt. 99 (2006). lowa Code §§ 22 (2009). 281 I.A.C. 12.3(4), (12).

1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 720, 825.

507 STUDENT HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

507.1 STUDENT HEALTH AND IMMUNIZATION CERTIFICATES

Students desiring to participate in athletic activities or enrolling in kindergarten or first (1st) grade in the school district shall have a physical examination by a licensed physician and provide proof of such an examination to the school district. A physical examination and proof of such an examination may be required by the administration for students in other grades enrolling for the first (1st) time in the school district.

A certificate of health stating the results of a physical examination and signed by the physician shall be on file at the attendance center. Each student shall submit an up-to-date certificate of health upon the request of the superintendent. Failure to provide this information may be grounds for disciplinary action.

Students enrolling for the first (1st) time in the school district shall also submit a certificate of immunization against diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, poliomyelitis, rubeola, rubella, and other immunizations required by law. The student may be admitted conditionally to the attendance center if the student has not yet completed the immunization process but is in the process of doing so. Failure to meet the immunization requirement will be grounds for suspension, expulsion or denial of admission. Upon recommendation of the lowa Department of Education and lowa Department of Public Health, students entering the district for the first (1st) time may be required to pass a TB test prior to admission. The district may conduct TB tests of current students.

Exemptions from the immunization requirement in this policy will be allowed only for medical or religious reasons recognized under the law. The student must provide a valid lowa State Department of Health Certificate of Immunization Exemption to be exempt from this policy.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 139.9; 280.13 (1995).

281 I.A.C. 33.5. 641 I.A.C. 7.

Cross Reference: 402.2 Child Abuse Reporting

501 Student Attendance

507 Student Health and Well-Being

507.2 Administration of Medication to Students

The board is committed to the inclusion of all students in the education program and recognizes that some students may need prescription and nonprescription medication to participate in their educational program.

Medication shall be administered when the student's parent or guardian (hereafter "parent") provides a signed and dated written statement requesting medication administration and the medication is in the original, labeled container, either as dispensed or in the manufacturer's container.

When administration of the medication requires ongoing professional health judgment, an individual health plan shall be developed by an authorized practitioner with the student and the student's parent. Students who have demonstrated competence in administering their own medications may self-administer their medication. A written statement by the student's parent shall be on file requesting co-administration of medication, when competence has been demonstrated. By law, students with asthma or other airway constricting diseases or students at risk of anaphylaxis who use epinephrine auto-injectors may self-administer their medication upon the written approval of the student's parents and prescribing licensed health care professional regardless of competency.

Persons administering medication shall include authorized practitioners, such as licensed registered nurses and physician, and persons to whom authorized practitioners have delegated the administration of medication (who have successfully completed a medication administration course). A medication administration course and periodic update shall be conducted by a registered nurse or licensed pharmacist, and a record of course completion shall be maintained by the school.

A written medication administration record shall be on file including:

- date:
- student's name:
- prescriber or person authorizing administration;
- medication;
- medication dosage;
- administration time:
- administration method;
- signature and title of the person administering medication; and
- any unusual circumstances, actions, or omissions.

Medication shall be stored in a secured area unless an alternate provision is documented. Emergency protocols for medication-related reactions shall be posted. Medication information shall be confidential information as provided by law

Disposal of unused, discontinued/recalled, or expired medication shall be in compliance with federal and state law. Prior to disposal school personnel shall make a reasonable attempt to return medication by providing written notification that expired, discontinued, or unused medications needs to be picked up. If medication is not picked up by the date specified, disposal shall be in accordance with the disposal procedures for the specific category of medication.

Note: This law reflects the lowa Department of Education's special education administrative rule regarding administration of medication. Since there are no rules addressing students not receiving special education services, IASB has written the sample policies and regulations to address all students.

NOTE: lowa law requires school districts to allow students with asthma or other airway constricting disease to carry and self-administer their medication as long as the parents and prescribing physician report and approve in writing. Students do not have to prove competency to the school district. The consent form, see 507.2E1, is all that is required. School districts that determine students are abusing their self-administration may either withdraw the self-administration if medically advisable or discipline the student, or both.

Legal Reference: Disposing on Behalf of Ultimate Users, 79 Fed. Reg. 53520, 53546 (Sept. 9, 2014).

lowa Code §§124.101(1); 147.107; 152.1; 155A.4(2); 280.16; 280.23.

281 IAC §41.404(3)

657 IAC §8.32(124); §8.32(155A).

655 IAC §6.2(152).

Cross Reference: 506 Student Records

507 Student Health and Well-Being

603.3 Special Education607.2 Student Health Services

Approved <u>7/17/09</u> Reviewed <u>1/9/17</u> Revised <u>1/9/17</u>

507.2E1 Authorization Asthma or Airway Constricting Medication Self-Administration Consent Form				
Student's Name (Last), (First) (Middle)	// Birthday	School	// Date	
Stadonio Hamo (Edel), (i mol) (imade)	Birtinaay	Concor	Dato	
In order for a student to self-administer	medication for a	sthma or any airway cor	nstricting disease:	
Parent/guardian provides signed, dated authorization for student medication self-administration. Physician (person licensed under chapter 148, 150, or 150A, physician, physician's assistant, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or other person licensed or registered to distribute or dispense a prescription drug or device in the course of professional practice in lowa in accordance with section 147.107, or a person licensed by another state in a health field in which, under lowa law, licensees in this state may legally prescribe drugs) provides written authorization containing: purpose of the medication, prescribed dosage, times or; special circumstances under which the medication is to be administered. The medication is in the original, labeled container as dispensed or the manufacturer's labeled container				
containing the student name, name of t Authorization is renewed annually. If ar parent is to notify school officials immed	ny changes occu	r in the medication, dosa	age or time of administration, the	
Provided the above requirements are fulfilled, a student with asthma or other airway constricting disease may possess and use the student's medication while in school, at school-sponsored activities, under the supervision of school personnel, and before or after normal school activities, such as while in before-school or after-school care on school-operated property. If the student abuses the self-administration policy, the ability to self-administer may be withdrawn by the school or discipline may be imposed.				
Pursuant to state law, the school district or accredited nonpublic school and its employees are to incur no liability, except for gross negligence, as a result of any injury arising from self-administration of medication by the student. The parent or guardian of the student shall sign a statement acknowledging that the school district or nonpublic school is to incur no liability, except for gross negligence, as a result of self-administration of medication by the student as established by Iowa Code § 280.16.				
Medication Dosage	Route		Time	
Purpose of Medication & Administration	/Instructions			

507.2E1 Authorization-Asthma or Airway Constricting Medication Self-Administration Consent Form

Special Circumstances Follow-up Date	/ / Discontinue/Re-Evaluate/
Prescriber's Signature	/ / Date
Prescriber's Address	Emergency Phone
improper use of medication or for supervising, monitoring medication	g to the authorization and instructions. reasonably and in good faith shall incur no liability for any g, or interfering with a student's self-administration of d notify them when questions arise or relevant conditions ment to and from school and to pick up remaining a accordance with the Family Education Rights and approved in this form.
Parent/Guardian Signature (agreed to above statement)	/ / Date
Parent/Guardian Address	Home Phone
	Business Phone
Self-Administration Authorization Additional Information	

Student's Name (Last), (First), (Middle) School medications and health services are administered following these guidelines: Parent has provided a signed, dated authorization to administer medication and/or provide the health service. The medication is in the original, labeled container as dispensed or the manufacturer's labeled container. The medication label contains the student's name, name of the medication, directions for use, and date. Authorization is renewed annually and as soon as practical when the parent notifies the school that changes are necessary. Medication/Health Care Dosage Route Time at School Administration instructions Special Directives, Signs to Observe and Side Effects Discontinue/Re-Evaluate/Follow-up Date Prescriber's Signature Date Prescriber's Address **Emergency Phone**

507.2E2 Parental Authorization and Release Form for the Administration of Medication to Students

I request the above named student carry medication at school and school activities, according to the prescription, or other medication administration instructions, and a written record kept. Special considerations are noted above. The information is confidential except as provided by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and any other applicable law. I agree to coordinate and work with school personnel and prescriber (if any) when questions arise. I agree to provide safe delivery of medication and equipment to and from school and to pick up remaining medication and equipment. Procedures for medication disposal shall be in accordance with federal and state law.

Parental Authorization and Release Form for the Administration of Medication to Students			
Parent's Signature	Date	/	/
Parent's Address	Home	Phone	
Additional Information	Business Phone		
Authorization Form			

Code No. 507.2E2 Page 2 of 2

Student's Name (Last), (I		// Birthday	School	// Date	
Student's Name (Last), (i	iist) (iviidale)	Birtilday	301001	Date	
nurse practitioner, or other the course of professional	s signed, dated au ed under chapter er person license al practice in lowa which, under lowa	uthorization for st 148, 150, or 150 ed or registered to a in accordance v	tudent medication se DA, physician, physic o distribute or disper with section 147.107		levice in Inother
containing the student na	original, labeled on the me, name of the annually. If any	container as dispendent medication, dire changes occur in	ensed or the manufactions for use, and on the medication, do	sage or time of administrat	ion, the
possess and use the stud school personnel, and be	dent's medication efore or after norr erty. If the studen	n while in school, mal school activit nt abuses the self	at school-sponsoredies, such as while in	airway constricting disease d activities, under the supe before-school or after-schoo, the ability to self- admin	rvision of nool care
except for gross negliger The parent or guardian o	nce, as a result of f the student sha lity, except for gro	f any injury arisin Ill sign a stateme oss negligence, a	g from self-administ nt acknowledging th	employees are to incur no ration of medication by the at the school district or nor ministration of medication I	student. npublic
Medication I	Dosage	Route		Time	
Purpose of Medication & Administration /Instructions					

507.2E3 Authorization-Asthma or Airway Constricting Medication Self-Administration Consent Form

Authorization-Asthma or Airway Constricting Medication Self-Administration Consent Form					
Special Circumstances Follow-up Date	/ / Discontinue/Re-Evaluate/				
Prescriber's Signature	/ / Date				
Prescriber's Address	Emergency Phone				
I request the above named student possess and self-administer a medication(s) at school and in school activities according to the a I understand the school district and its employees acting reasonal improper use of medication or for supervising, monitoring, or intermedication I agree to coordinate and work with school personnel and notify to change. I agree to provide safe delivery of medication and equipment to a medication and equipment. I agree the information is shared with school personnel in accord Privacy Act (FERPA). I agree to provide the school with back-up medication approved in	authorization and instructions. Ably and in good faith shall incur no liability for any regring with a student's self-administration of them when questions arise or relevant conditions and from school and to pick up remaining ance with the Family Education Rights and				
Parent/Guardian Signature (agreed to above statement)	/ / Date				
Parent/Guardian Address	Home Phone				
	Business Phone				
Self-Administration Authorization Additional Information					

Use one sheet per medication/health care. DATE		
Write time, cross off and initial.	A = Absent	Discontinue
Sign and date at bottom only once to identify initials. Returned	X = No School	
Include completed form in health record.	O = Not given – comment on back	
Destroyed	3	
Enter additional comments on back.		

Sep Oct Nov Dec an Feb Mar Apr May un

507.3 COMMUNICABLE DISEASES - STUDENTS

Students with a communicable disease will be allowed to attend school provided their presence does not create a substantial risk of illness or transmission to other students or employees. The term "communicable disease" shall mean an infectious or contagious disease spread from person to person, or animal to person, or as defined by law.

Prevention and control of communicable diseases shall be included in the school district's bloodborne pathogens exposure control plan. The procedures shall include scope and application, definitions, exposure control, methods of compliance, universal precautions, vaccination, post-exposure evaluation, follow-up, communication of hazards to employees and record keeping. This plan shall be reviewed annually by the superintendent and county nurse.

The health risk to immunodepressed students shall be determined by their personal physician. The health risk to others in the school district environment from the presence of a student with a communicable disease shall be determined on a case-by-case basis by the student's personal physician, a physician chosen by the school district or public health officials.

A student shall notify the superintendent, building principal, counselor or the county nurse when the student learns the student has a communicable disease. It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent, principal, counselor or county nurse, if they have knowledge that a reportable communicable disease is present, to notify the lowa Department of Public Health. Health data of a student is confidential and it shall not be disclosed to third (3rd) parties.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the county nurse, to develop administrative regulations stating the procedures for dealing with students with a communicable disease.

Legal Reference: School Board of Nassau County v. Arline, 480 U.S. 273 (1987).

29 U.S.C. §§ 701 et seq. (1988).

45 C.F.R. Pt. 84.3 (1993). Iowa Code ch. 139 (1995).

641 I.A.C. 1.2-.5, 7.

Cross Reference: 403.3 Communicable Diseases - Employees

506 Student Records

507 Student Health and Well-Being

Approved 7/17/95 Reviewed 10/13/14 Revised 7/17/95

Source: Iowa Department of Public Health (1994).

507.3E2 REPORTABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES

While the Central Lyon school district is not responsible for reporting, the following infectious diseases are required to be reported to the state and local public health offices:

Acquired Immune Leprosy Rubella (German

Deficiency Syndrome Leptospirosis measles)

(AIDS)Lyme disease Rubeola (measles)
Amebiasis Malaria Salmonellosis
Anthrax Meningitis Shigellosis
Botulism (bacterial or viral) Tetanus

Brucellosis Mumps Toxic Shock Syndrome Campylobacteriosis Parvovirus B 19 Trichinosis Chlamydia trachomatis infection (fifth Tuberculosis

Cholera disease and other Tularemia
Diphtheria complications) Typhoid fever

E. Coli 0157:h7 Pertussis Typhus fever Encephalitis (whooping cough) Veneral disease

Giardiasis Plague Chancroid

Hepatitis, viral Poliomyelitis Gonorrhea

(A,B, Non A- Psittacosis Granuloma Inguinale Non-B, Unspecified) Rabies Lymphogranuloma Histoplasmosis Reye's Syndrome Venereum

Human Immunodeficiency Rheumatic fever Syphilis

Virus (HIV) infection Rocky Mountain Yellow fever

other than AIDS spotted fever Influenza Rubella (congenital

Legionellosis syndrome)

Any other disease, which is unusual in incidence, occurs in unusual numbers of circumstances, or appears to be of public health concern, e.g., epidemic diarrhea, food or waterborne outbreaks, or acute respiratory illness.

Reporting Form Source: Iowa Department of Public Health (1994).

507.4 STUDENT ILLNESS OR INJURY AT SCHOOL

When a student becomes ill or is injured at school, the Central Lyon school district shall attempt to notify the student's parents as soon as possible.

The school district, while not responsible for medical treatment of an ill or injured student, will have employees present administer emergency or minor first aid if possible. An ill or injured child will be turned over to the care of the parents or qualified medical employees as quickly as possible.

It shall be the responsibility of the principal to file an accident report with the superintendent and county nurse within twenty-four (24) hours after the student is injured.

Annually, parents shall be required to complete a medical emergency authorization form indicating the procedures to be followed, if possible, in an emergency involving their child. The authorization form will also include the phone numbers of the parents and alternative numbers to call in case of an injury or illness.

The superintendent shall be responsible, in conjunction with the county nurse, to develop rules and regulations governing the procedure in the event a student should become ill or be injured at school.

Legal Reference: lowa Code § 613.17 (1995).

Cross Reference: 507 Student Health and Well-Being

507.5 EMERGENCY DRILLS

Students will be informed of the action to take in an emergency. Emergency drills for fire, weather, and other disasters shall be conducted each school year. Fire and tornado drills shall be each conducted regularly during the academic school year with a minimum of two (2) before December 31 and two (2) after January 1.

Employees shall participate in emergency drills. Licensed employees shall be responsible for instructing the proper techniques to be followed in the drill.

Legal Reference: lowa Code § 100.31 (1995). 281 I.A.C. 41.27(3).

2011.7.0. 41.27(0)

Cross Reference: 507 Student Health and Well-Being

711.7 School Bus Safety Instruction

804 Safety Program

507.6 STUDENT INSURANCE

Students shall have the opportunity to participate in the health and accident insurance plan selected by the school district. The cost of the health and accident insurance program shall be borne by the student. Participation in the insurance health and accident plan is not a contract with the school district, but rather, a contract between the insurance company and the student and/or the student's parents.

Students participating in intramural or extracurricular athletics shall be required to have health and accident insurance. The student shall bring written proof of insurance or participate in the health and accident insurance program selected by the school district.

Legal Reference: lowa Code § 279.8 (1995).

Cross Reference: 504 Student Activities

507 Student Health and Well-Being

507.7 CUSTODY AND PARENTAL RIGHTS

Disagreements between family members are not the responsibility of the school district. The school district will not take the "side" of one (1) family member over another in a disagreement about custody or parental rights. Court orders that have been issued shall be followed by the school district. It shall be the responsibility of the person requesting an action by the school district to inform and provide the school district the court order allowing such action.

This policy does not prohibit an employee from listening to a student's problems and concerns.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to ensure employees remain neutral in a disagreement about custody and parental rights.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 232.67, .70, .73, .75; 235A; 279.8; 710.6 (1995).

441 I.A.C. 9.2; 155; 175.

Cross Reference: 506 Student Records

507 Student Health and Well-Being

507.8 STUDENT SPECIAL HEALTH SERVICES

The board recognizes that some special education students need special health services during the school day. These students will receive special health services in conjunction with their individualized education program.

The superintendent, in conjunction with licensed health personnel, will establish administrative regulations for the implementation of this policy.

Note: This is a mandatory policy and its accompanying regulations and they reflect lowa law. The regulation is new. For more detailed discussion of this issue, see IASB's Policy Primer, Vol. 13 #3 – June 8, 2000.

Legal Reference: Board of Education v. Rowley, 458 U.S. 176 (1982).

Springdale School District #50 v. Grace, 693 F.2d 41 (8th Cir. 1982).

Southeast Warren Comm. School District v. Dept. of Public Instruction, 285 N.W.2d 173

(lowa 1979).

20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq. (2004). 34 C.F.R. Pt. 300 et seq. (2004).

lowa Code §§ 256.11(7); 256B; 273.2, .5, .9(2)-(3); 280.8 (2007).

281 I.A.C. 41.405

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

506 Student Records603.3 Special Education

507.8R1 SPECIAL HEALTH SERVICES REGULATION

Some students who require special education need special health services in order to participate in the educational program. These students will receive special health services in accordance with their individualized educational program.

A. Definitions

"Assignment and delegation" - occurs when licensed health personnel, in collaboration with the education team, determine the special health services to be provided and the qualifications of individuals performing the health services. Primary consideration is given to the recommendation of the licensed health personnel. Each designation considers the student's special health service. The rationale for the designation is documented. If the designation decision of the team differs from the licensed health professional, team members may file a dissenting opinion.

"Co-administration" - the eligible student's participation in the planning, management and implementation of the student's special health service and demonstration of proficiency to licensed health personnel.

"Educational program" - includes all school curricular programs and activities both on and off school grounds. "Education team" - may include the eligible student, the student's parent, administrator, teacher, licensed health personnel, and others involved in the student's educational program.

"Health assessment" - health data collection, observation, analysis, and interpretation relating to the eligible student's educational program.

"Health instruction" - education by licensed health personnel to prepare qualified designated personnel to deliver and perform special health services contained in the eligible student's health plan. Documentation of education and periodic updates are on file at school.

"Individual health plan" - the confidential, written, preplanned and ongoing special health service in the educational program. It includes assessment, planning, implementation, documentation, evaluation and a plan for emergencies. The plan is updated as needed and at least annually. Licensed health personnel develop this written plan with the education team.

"Licensed health personnel" - includes licensed registered nurse, licensed physician, and other licensed health personnel legally authorized to provide special health services and medications.

"Prescriber" - licensed health personnel legally authorized to prescribe special health services and medications. "Qualified designated personnel" - persons instructed, supervised and competent in implementing the eligible student's health plan.

"Special health services" - includes, but is not limited to, services for eligible students whose health status (stable or unstable) requires:

- Interpretation or intervention,
- Administration of health procedures and health care, or

Use of a health device to compensate for the reduction or loss of a body function.

"Supervision" - the assessment, delegation, evaluation and documentation of special health services by licensed health personnel. Levels of supervision include situations in which licensed health personnel are:

physically present.

- available at the same site.
- available on call.
- B. Licensed health personnel will provide special health services under the auspices of the school. Duties of the licensed personnel include the duty to:

Participate as a member of the education team.

Provide the health assessment.

Plan, implement and evaluate the written individual health plan.

Plan, implement and evaluate special emergency health services.

Serve as liaison and encourage participation and communication with health service agencies and individuals providing health care.

Provide health consultation, counseling and instruction with the eligible student, the student's parent and the staff in cooperation and conjunction with the prescriber.

Maintain a record of special health services. The documentation includes the eligible student's name, special health service, prescriber or person authorizing, date and time, signature and title of the person providing the special health service and any unusual circumstances in the provision of such services.

Report unusual circumstances to the parent, school administration, and prescriber.

Assign and delegate to, instruct, provide technical assistance and supervise qualified designated personnel. Update knowledge and skills to meet special health service needs.

C. Prior to the provision of special health services the following will be on file:

Written statement by the prescriber detailing the specific method and schedule of the special health service, when indicated.

Written statement by the student's parent requesting the provision of the special health service.

Written report of the preplanning staffing or meeting of the education team.

Written individual health plan available in the health record and integrated into the IEP or IFSP.

D. Licensed health personnel, in collaboration with the education team, will determine the special health services to be provided and the qualifications of individuals performing the special health services. The documented rationale will include the following:

Analysis and interpretation of the special health service needs, health status stability, complexity of the service, predictability of the service outcome and risk of improperly performed service.

Determination that the special health service, task, procedure or function is part of the person's job description.

Determination of the assignment and delegation based on the student's needs.

Review of the designated person's competency.

Determination of initial and ongoing level of supervision required to ensure quality services.

- E. Licensed health personnel will supervise the special health services, define the level of supervision and document the supervision.
- F. Licensed health personnel will instruct qualified designated personnel to deliver and perform special health services contained in the eligible individual health plan. Documentation of instruction and periodic updates are on file at school.
- G. Parents will provide the usual equipment, supplies and necessary maintenance for such. The equipment is stored in a secure area. The personnel responsible for the equipment are designated in the individual health plan. The individual health plan will designate the role of the school, parents, and others in the provision, supply, storage and maintenance of necessary equipment.

507.9 WELLNESS POLICY

The Central Lyon CSD Board of Education is committed to the optimal development of every student. The board believes for students to have the opportunity to achieve personal, academic, developmental, and social success, there needs to be a positive, safe, and health-promoting learning environment at every level, in every setting.

The school district provides a comprehensive learning environment for developing and practicing lifelong wellness behaviors. The entire school environment, not just the classroom, shall be aligned with healthy school district goals to positively influence a student's understanding, beliefs and habits as they relate to good nutrition and regular physical activity. In accordance with law and this belief, the board commits to the following:

The school district will identify at least one goal in each of the following areas:

Nutrition Education and Promotion: Schools will provide nutrition education and engage in nutrition promotion that helps students develop lifelong healthy eating behaviors.

Physical Activity: Schools will provide students with age and grade appropriate opportunities to engage in physical activity that meet the Iowa Healthy Kids Act.

Other School Based Activities that Promote Wellness: As appropriate, schools will support students, staff, and parents' efforts to maintain a healthy lifestyle.

The following nutritional guidelines for food available on school campuses will be adhered to:

Meals served through the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Program will be appealing and meet, at a minimum, nutrition requirements established by state and federal law;

Schools providing access to healthy foods outside the reimbursable meal programs before school, during school and thirty minutes after school shall meet the United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") Smart Snacks in Schools nutrition standards, at a minimum. This includes such items as those sold through a la carte lines, vending machines, student run stores, and fundraising activities;

Snacks provided to students during the school day without charge (e.g., class parties) will meet standards set by the district in accordance law. The district will provide parents a list of foods and beverages that meet nutrition standards for classroom snacks and celebrations: and

Schools will only allow marketing and advertising of foods and beverages that meet the Smart Snacks in school nutritional standards on campus during the school day.

The superintendent or superintendent's designee shall implement and ensure compliance with the policy by: Reviewing the policy at least every three years and recommending updates as appropriate for board approval; Implementing a process for permitting parents, students, representatives of the school food authority, teachers of physical education, school health professionals, the school board, administrators and the public to participate in the development, implementation, and periodic review and update of the policy;

Making the policy and updated assessment of the implementation available to the public (e.g., posting on the website, newsletters, etc). This information shall include the extent to which the schools are in compliance with policy and a description of the progress being made in attaining the goals of the policy; and

Developing administrative regulations, which shall include specific wellness goals and indicators for measurement of progress consistent with law and district policy.

NOTE: This is a mandatory policy.

NOTE: The Iowa Department of Education has tools and resources available to help districts with progress reports and other aspects of policy implementation and review. Please visit the "School Wellness Policy" section of the Iowa Department of Education's website, located at: https://www.educateiowa.gov/pk-12/nutrition-programs/school-wellness.

NOTE: School districts are required by federal law to have at least one wellness goal in each of the goal areas identified in paragraph three of the sample policy. These goal areas include the following: nutrition promotion and education, physical activity, and other school-based activities that promote student wellness. School districts should select goals to include in the regulation (507.9R1) from the options provided in the sample regulation

(507.9R1) or identify a district specific goal. Districts must remember the sample policy and sample regulation cannot be adopted in the current format. School boards and administration must make a choice for all text in italicized brackets.

Legal Reference: 42 U.S.C. §§ 1751 et seq.

42 U.S.C. §§ 1771 et seq.

lowa Code §§ 256.7(29); 256.11(6).

281 I.A.C. 12.5; 58.11.

Cross Reference: 504.5 Student Fund Raising

504.6 Student Activity Program710 School Food Services

Approved 05/15/06 Reviewed 05/13/19 Revised 10/10/16

507.9R1 WELLNESS REGULATION

To implement the Wellness Policy, the following district specific goals have been established:

Goal 1 – Nutrition Education and Promotion: Schools will provide nutrition education and engage in nutrition promotion that help students develop lifelong healthy eating behaviors. The goal(s) for addressing nutrition education and nutrition promotion include the following:

Provide students with the knowledge and skills necessary to promote and protect their health;

Ensure nutrition education and promotion are not only part of health education classes, but also integrated into other classroom instruction through subjects such as math, science, language arts, social sciences, and elective subjects;

Promote fruits, vegetables, whole-grain products, low-fat and fat-free dairy products, and healthy foods;

Emphasize caloric balance between food intake and energy expenditure (promotes physical activity/exercise);

Link with school meal programs, cafeteria nutrition promotion activities, school gardens, Farm to School programs, other school foods, and nutrition-related community service;

Teach media literacy with an emphasis on food and beverage marketing;

Goal 2 – Physical Activity: Schools will provide students and staff with age and grade appropriate opportunities to engage in physical activity that meet federal and state guidelines, including the Iowa Healthy Kids Act. The goal(s) for addressing physical activity include the following:

Promote the benefits of a physically active lifestyle and help students develop skills to engage in lifelong healthy habit:

Engage students in moderate to vigorous activity during at least 50 percent of physical education class time;

Encourage classroom teachers to provide short physical activity breaks (3-5 minutes), as appropriate;

Encourage teachers to incorporate movement and kinesthetic learning approaches into core subject instructions when possible;

Offer classroom health education that complements physical education by reinforcing the knowledge and self-management skills needed to maintain a physically active lifestyle

Afford elementary students with recess according to the following:

At least 20 minutes a day;

Outdoors as weather and time permits;

Encourages moderate to vigorous physical activity;

Goal 3 – Other School-Based Activities that Promote Student Wellness: Schools will support student, staff, and parents' efforts to maintain a healthy lifestyle, as appropriate. The goal(s) for addressing other school-based activities that promote student wellness include the following

Provide parents a list of foods and beverages that meet nutrition standards for classroom snacks and celebrations:

Develop a plan to promote staff health and wellness;

Support the consumption of breakfast at school by implementing alternative breakfast options to the extent possible

Permit students to bring and carry water bottles filled with water throughout the day;

Make drinking water available where school meals are served during mealtimes;

Strive to provide students with at least 10 minutes to eat after sitting down for breakfast and 20 minutes after sitting down for lunch;

Discourage students from sharing foods or beverages during meal or snack times, given concerns about allergies and dietary needs;

Public Involvement: There is a process for permitting parents, students, representatives of the school food authority, teachers of physical education, school health professionals, the school board, administrators and the public to participate in the development, implementation, and periodic review and update of the policy [select a process from the list below].

The district has a local wellness policy committee to advise the district on the development, implementation, and improvement of the school wellness policy;

The superintendent or superintendent's designee invites suggestions or comments concerning the development, implementation, and improvement of the school wellness policy. As such, interested persons are encouraged to contact the superintendent or superintendent's designee.

NOTE: The lowa Department of Education has tools and resources available to help districts with progress reports and other aspects of policy implementation and review. Please visit the "School Wellness Policy" section of the lowa Department of Education's website, located at: https://www.educateiowa.gov/pk-12/nutrition-programs/school-wellness.

Appendix B

Physical Activity Contract for the 20__-20__ School Year

physical activity for a minimum of 120 minutes per week in which there are at least five days of school. The law also requires that we monitor how students fulfill this requirement. Please fill out the items below, sign (both student and parent/guardian), and return to the school by If you have any questions, call: ______. (date) (# of local school official) Name of Student: _____ Grade (20 _ - 20 _): School activities that student will be involved in during the 20__- 20__ school year (include estimate of minutes per week): **FALL** WINTER **SPRING** Cross country Basketball Track Football Wrestling Golf Volleyball Bowling Tennis Swimming Swimming (boys) Soccer Marching band Show choir Baseball Cheerleading Cheerleading Softball Drill team Drill team Pom squad Trapshooting Other* (what, when, how many minutes per week): Non-school activities (may include non-school sport teams, gymnastics, dance, individualized exercise program, etc.) that student will be involved in during the 20 - 20 school year. Signature of Student: Date Signed: Signature of Parent/Guardian:

In 2008, the lowa Legislature enacted "the Healthy Kids Act," requiring that all students in grades 6 – 12 engage in

Iowa Department of Education, 7/2009

Signature of Building Principal:

508 MISCELLANEOUS STUDENT-RELATED MATTERS

508.01A CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT REPORTING GUIDELINES

lowa law requires schools to report all suspected incidents of child abuse and/or neglect to the proper authorities within the community. "Child" means any person under eighteen (18) years of age.

Definitions: The following definitions are used to define abuse and/or neglect.

- 1. "Abuse" means any physical injury inflicted on a child by other than accidental means. "Physical Injury" includes but is not limited to severe bruising, lacerations, fractured bones, burns, internal injuries or any injury constituting great bodily harm.
- 2. "Sexual Intercourse or sexual contact" is defined as any intentional touching by complainants or defendants, either directly or through clothing by the use of any body part or object of the complainant's or defendant's intimate parts if that intentional touching is either for the purpose of sexually degrading or sexually humiliating the complainant or sexually arousing or gratifying the defendant. Sexual exploitation is defined as prostitution, pornography, etc.
- 3. "Neglect" means failure, refusal or inability on the part of a parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person exercising temporary or permanent control over a child, for reasons other than poverty, to provide necessary care, food, clothing, medical or dental care or shelter so as to seriously endanger the physical health of the child.
- 4. "Emotional Damage" means harm to a child's psychological or intellectual functioning which is exhibited by severe anxiety, depression, withdrawal or outward aggressive behavior, or a combination of those behaviors, which is caused by the child's parents, guardian, or legal custodian and they have failed to obtain the treatment necessary to remedy the harm. "Emotional Damage" may be demonstrated by a substantial and observable change in behavior, emotional response or cognition that is not within the normal range for the child's age and stage of development and is generally documented by a psychiatrist or psychologist.

Teachers, counselors, county nurse, school psychologist, speech therapist, and administrators are required by State Statue to report cases of child abuse and/or neglect. School personnel who fail to report are subject to a fine and/or imprisonment.

Reporting Procedures:

A specific referral procedure is outlined below to insure an accurate and complete report of the abuse or neglect incident and to support the completion of the referral process. Be reminded that it is the responsibility of the Department of Human Services to investigate abuse and/or neglect; the reporter only needs to have suspicion of abuse or neglect to be required to make the report. The Department of Human Services is responsible for indepth interviewing of the child:

Actual Harm:

Any teacher, counselor, school psychologist, speech therapist, county nurse, or administrator having reason to believe that a child has been abused and/or neglected shall immediately notify the County Department of Human Services.

Threatened Harm:

Any teacher, counselor, school psychologist, speech therapist, county nurse, or administrator having reasonable cause to believe that a child has been threatened with an injury and that abuse of the child will occur, shall immediately notify the Human Services Child Abuse Center.

Reports of threatened injury are based on having reasonable cause to believe that the child has been threatened with an injury and that abuse will occur. Reason to believe is a stronger standard of evidence, requiring more data to support the contention.

Complete the following in order when making a report of child abuse or neglect.

1. Immediately after notification, the suspicion, if it continues to exist, must be orally reported to the County Department of Human Services: THE ORAL REPORT SHOULD BE MADE BY THE IDENTIFYING EDUCATOR.

LYON COUNTY SOCIAL SERVICES- 712-472-3743

NOTE: The Department of Human Services is responsible for in-depth interviews of the child.

IMMEDIATE DANGER:

If a child is in immediate physical danger, reports should be made directly by phone to:

ROCK RAPIDS POLICY DEPARTMENT -712-472-2558 LYON COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPT.-712-472-3711 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE HOT-LINE-1-800-333-SAFE

- 2. When making the oral report give the following information:
 - a. Name and date of birth of child suspected of being abused.
 - b. Name of school and grade.
 - c. Name, address, and telephone number of child's caretaker.
 - Facts and circumstances forming the suspicion, including child's statements.
 - e. Present whereabouts of child.
 - f. Any factors contributing to high risk.
 - g. Other children in the family and others living in the home.
 - h. Parent's/Guardian's place of employment.
 - I. Emergency phone number.
- 3. Complete the Written Report of Suspected Child Abuse and Neglect. Distribute copies per the instructions on the form within twenty-four (24) hours.
- 4. The County Department of Human Services is required within twenty-four (24) hours or receipt of an initial report to commence an investigation of the incident. It is the responsibility of the Department of Human Services and law enforcement personnel to investigate possible child abuse or neglect. Therefore, any teacher, counselor, psychologist, speech therapist, nurse, or administrator should not pressure the child to gain privileged information regarding an injury or other information surrounding the abuse or neglect. In addition to the penalty prescribed by state law, an employee could be subjected to legal action by the abused/ neglected child's parents/guardian if it is established that the school employee has prior knowledge which, if reported, may have prevented further injury. Law enforcement representatives should not be deterred from interviewing a child on school premises in the investigation of child abuse and neglect. Representatives from these agencies will be expected to follow normal school protocol and report to the school office prior to interviewing a child.
- 5. The Department of Human Services is required to inform the mandated reporter of the status of the case within sixty (60) days after receipt of the initial report.
- 6. Confidentiality shall be maintained in all abuse/neglect cases. Records are confidential no matter where they are located.

Policy & Procedures of Department of Social Services

Consider

- A. When possible, make reports early in the workday as to allow time for a determination to be made if it is safe for the child to return home.
- B. Continue to share concerns regarding the child with the school counselor or county nurse, an important liaison between you and the County Department of Human Services.
 - C. Repeated suspicions of the same named child should be reported in an identical fashion.
- D. The reporter/school should not notify the parents and/or guardians a referral for neglect and abuse has been made. The Department of Human Services will contact the family. Notification to the family could interfere with an investigation. Any questions as to who should be notified shall be discussed with the Department of Services.

Approved: 7/17/95 Reviewed 10/13/14 Revised: 7/17/95

508.1 CLASS OR STUDENT GROUP GIFTS

The board welcomes gifts to the school district from a class or student group. While class gifts to the school
district do not require the approval of the superintendent, the board encourages students to consult with the
superintendent or other licensed employees prior to selecting a gift for the school district.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 68B; 722.1, .2 (1995).

Cross Reference: 704.4 Gifts - Grants - Bequests

Approved 7/17/95 Reviewed 10/13/14 Revised 7/17/95

508.2 OPEN NIGHT

In keeping with good co beyond 6:00 p.m. when the scheduling of schoo	ever possible	. It shall be the resp	ol activities will not be scheduled on Wednesday night ponsibility of the principal and activities director to over- is policy.	see
Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §	§ 279.8 (1995).		
Cross Reference:	900 Princip	les and Objectives f	or Community Relations	
Approved 7/17/95	Reviewed	10/13/14	Revised 7/17/95	

508.3 HANDBOOKS

handbooks each year to students. These ha	ent handbooks K-12 wherever possible and distribute the revised andbooks shall be part of the official board policies and will be filed as The board will review and adopt student (K-12) handbooks annually.

Revised 7/17/95

Approved 7/17/95

Reviewed

10/13/14

509 BUSES STOPPING ON HIGHWAY TO DISCHARGE STUDENTS

The Central Lyon Community School District will not stop on a public highway to discharge students when returning after dark from a school activity without a written request from the parents/ guardian asking that their child be discharged at a designated stopping point on the highway on the direct route returning to the original departure site. Any parent may file a request covering the whole school year with the principal of the building their child attends. When a request is made, the bus driver will pull off the highway if at all possible to discharge the student(s) providing the safest condition to insure the welfare of each student disembarking. In inclement weather, it will be at the driver's discretion whether to stop or return to the school site with the student.

Approved 7/17/95 Reviewed 10/13/14 Revised 7/17/95

Cross Reference: 711 Transportation

509.3 Student Vehicle Use

509.3 STUDENT VEHICLE USE

The Central Lyon School District provides transportation for students as required by lowa Statutes. Therefore, students are encouraged to use district transportation whenever possible. The high school principal shall establish such rules and regulations as necessary to regulate and control automobiles driven to school by students. The regulations shall be described in the student handbook provided to each 6-12 grade student.

Cross Reference: 711 Transportation

510.1 INTERNAL ACCOUNTS

Collection of any funds for school activities must have the recommendation of the building principal and the approval of the Superintendent. All such funds shall be under the financial control of the Board.

Records and procedure relating to internal accounts shall be in accordance with those found in Uniform Financial Accounting for Iowa Schools published by the Department of Education.

An audit of these accounts shall be made at the same time as the annual audit of school funds.

Approved 7/17/95 Reviewed 10/13/14 Revised 7/17/95

Cross Reference: 701 Financial Accounting System